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LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1858.)

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance (Fire, Life and Marine) Agents,
Notaries Public and Surveyors.

Town Property and Farming Lands
FOR SALE OR ON LEASE.

MONEY TO LOAN
In Large or small amounts at lowest current rates of interest.
Estates Managed and Rents Collected.

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND and INVESTMENT AGENCY, L^d
HEAD OFFICE, 15 Serjeant's Inn, Fleet Street, LONDON, ENGLAND.
DIRECTORS IN LONDON: T. D. GALPIN, T. ALLSOP, W. WALTER.

The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above Company and will be carried on by the Company from this date as a general Land Investment and Insurance Agency.
MONEY TO LOAN on Mortgage at Low Rates.
Town Lots and Farming Lands for Sale on easy terms.
Time deposits in large or small amounts received at interest.

LOCAL DIRECTORS: HENRY S. MASON, C. A. HOLLAND
Victoria, B. C., May 18th, 1887.

SEA VIEW!
Extension "C" of the Work Estate.
This beautifully situated property on Hillside Avenue has now been surveyed into Town Lots (with 60 ft. streets intervening) and is now for sale.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO
A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,
BASTION STREET.

TREMENDOUS PRIVATE SALE!
Now going on at our store, 55 Yates St.

THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS
Worth of Goods must be sold before Xmas. Come and See.
DAVIDSON BROS.

XMAS AND NEW YEAR'S PRESENTS
Jewelry: and: Silverware.
A BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT.

RELIABLE AND GUARANTEED ARTICLES

Watches, Diamonds, &c.
C. E. REDFERN,
43 Government Street.
Established 28 years.

CHEAP CARPETS
CHRISTMAS COMFORTS
HASTIE & ERSKINE,
FOR DECEMBER ONLY.

are giving larger discounts than ever before offered on Carpets and Oilcloths.
62 GOVERNMENT STREET. 62

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
A MEMBERS MEETING OF THE JAMES Bay Athletic Association will be held in the new hall, James Bay, THIS EVENING, (Thursday), July 18th. H. B. Young, Sec. del8

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following described tract of land, for lumbering purposes, situated in New Westminster District, about 2 1/2 miles northeast from the head of Howe Sound: Commencing at a post 20 chains due south from the northeast corner post of Lot 515, G. I. Now Westminster District; thence due south 40 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 40 chains to the place of beginning, and containing 160 acres.
MUIRHEAD & MANN.
Victoria, Dec. 16, 1890.

NOTICE.
I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR any debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.
JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.
Victoria, Dec. 11, 1890.

W. C. T. U.
A FLORAL FESTIVAL
Will be held in Temperance Hall, Monday, December 22nd. A choice programme will be given and refreshments served. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock. Admission 25 cents. del8-2t-thurkent

Splendid Opportunity! Don't Miss It!
20 WATER LOTS on Ross Bay, \$500 a Lot. Payable in five years at five per cent. interest per annum. Apply—
W. H. WALVEY & CO.,
Real Estate Brokers, 10 Broad Street, Victoria.
del8-1w

AUCTION SALE.
W. R. Clarke, Auctioneer.

I am instructed by the administrator, J. C. Prevost, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Sale-room, Store street, opp. the E. & N. R. depot, on
MONDAY, 9TH FEB.,
AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON.

by order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, all those pieces or parcels of land marked and numbered on the official map, and described as follows, viz:
LOT 1—Four acres of Section One.
LOT 2—One acre of Section One.
LOT 3—Half an acre of Section Fifty-six, less that portion conveyed to C. J. Seghers, by deed dated May the 10th, 1878.
LOT 4—Another part of Section Fifty-six, all being in the District of Comox.
TERMS—25 per cent. cash, and the balance on approval of the Court. Deeds at purchasers expense.
W. R. CLARKE, Auctioneer.
del8-d&w

DRAWING!
The Great Fifty Prize Drawing
—AT—
RUSSELL, McDONALD & CO'S
takes place at 8 p.m. on
26TH INSTANT.

You are all invited to attend.
Tickets issued until the hour for drawing.
oc30
WANTED—By a young lady, engagement, Governorship, or in any literary capacity; of Cambridge, England, and of South Kensington. Acquirements: English language and literature, advanced mathematics, French, Italian and singing; the latter acquired during over two years study in Italy.
del7-3t

JUST ARRIVED!
Razors in cases.
Ladies' Companions.
Scissors in cases.
Pocket and Sporting Knives.
Table Cutlery.
Plated Spoons and Forks.

M. & H. A. FOX,
78 Government Street.
del1-1m

Jones' Cash Grocery,
COR VIEW & QUADRA STS.

CALL & EXAMINE OUR STOCK
—OF—
GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,
which are complete in every respect, and prices reasonable. Orders called for and goods delivered. Don't lose the address.
W. & A. E. JONES.
oc22-6m

MISS CATON'S CLASSES,
15 BELLOT STREET.
The next term will begin on Monday, Jan. 3. Pupils can be received in the afternoon for special subjects.
In order to enable Miss Caton to make arrangements for next term would ladies who think of sending their daughters kindly let her know as soon as possible.
9-1m1
Steamer Mascotto left, last night, for Nanaimo for a cargo of coal.

MORAL REFORM.

Interview Between the Temperance and Moral Reform Association and the Corporation.

Some Plain Talk on Both Sides—The Matter Relegated to the Incoming Council.

The eagerly anticipated interview between the representatives of the Temperance and Moral Reform Association and the City Council, took place, in the City Hall, last night, the chamber being filled with citizens. The Mayor presided, and there were present Ald. McKillop, Ald. Harrison, Ald. Goodacre, Ald. Kelly, Ald. Holland, Ald. Smith, Ald. Vigilius and Ald. Wilson.

The delegates from the Association were Revs. P. McE. Macleod, Coverdale Watson, M. L. Rugg, D. Fraser, J. H. White, and Joseph Hall, with Messrs. D. McLean, H. Siddall, D. McMillan, J. L. Beckwith, A. Wilson, A. J. McLellan, J. E. Gardner, J. L. Leigh, T. Black, W. Walker, F. W. Teague, H. Pillar and James Keith. Several gentlemen, who had been appointed on the delegation, were unable to attend.

The Mayor briefly explained the arrangements made for holding the meeting, saying that if the representatives of the association had anything to say the Council would be happy to hear them.

Mr. Pillar announced that Rev. Messrs. Macleod and Watson had been appointed to speak on this occasion.

REV. MR. MACLEOD

said that both he and Mr. Watson had thought it advisable to read what they had to say, so that any words they uttered might not be misunderstood or misapplied. He should simply introduce the question and Mr. Watson would follow with a statement of principles. He said:

Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen, we appear before you as a deputation from the Temperance and Moral Reform Council in no censorious spirit, and with no ulterior ends in view. We have no intentions of making charges against you or of attempting to influence you in your duties. Our purpose is simply to call your attention to an evil in the city which has grown of late to alarming proportions, and which some of us have very good reason to know, is doing incalculable harm to our youth of both sexes.

We take it for granted that we are all agreed that the law of England is right in refusing to recognize or legalize prostitution, and therefore it is unnecessary to meet the arguments of those who would introduce among us the continental system. There are two familiar sophisms, however, which we cannot leave unnoticed. It is said, "prostitution has always existed and always will exist, therefore legalize it." Again it is said "prostitution is necessary as a safe guard to family life." That is to say that providing for the gratification of lawless lust, will tend to preserve the chastity of our sons and daughters—what are the facts? Why, the men who frequent such resorts are the betrayers of the innocent, the defendants in divorce suits, and very many of them have wives who suffer untold wrongs through their lustfulness. To legalize man's unruly passions, to license the social evil, to wink at it, or to foster it is the surest way to ruin our homes and destroy our families. English and American law allow prostitutes no protection in their calling, and we only ask that you give such instructions to the police as will make it nearly easy to establish such houses nor safe to frequent them. We wish to call your special attention to the position some of these houses occupy in close proximity to our churches. Worshippers attending St. Andrew's church and the children attending the Sunday school are compelled to pass the doors of three of these houses. We have been told that the houses were there before the church was built, so that its people have no right to complain. That is really to say that the church has no higher claims and no stronger rights than the brothels, and if it plants itself near such a house it must just take the consequences. But no such excuse, monstrous though it be, can be offered with regard to the houses surrounding the present Methodist church, or the house but lately established close to the First Presbyterian church, and we would earnestly urge upon you to use every effort in your power to suppress these houses that our wives and children may be saved the sights and sounds which now shock them so often when on the way to and from the House of God. We further call your attention to the spreading of these houses over the residential parts of the city, and to the holdfast with which the prostitutes conduct themselves on our streets and in places of public entertainment, as indications that the time has come when repressive measures are absolutely necessary for the protection of the respectable portion of the community. We wish it to be clearly understood that we seek from you only what lies within your power, and is recognized to be your duty, and we promise on our part every assistance in the good work of purifying the moral atmosphere of our city, in whose welfare we are all equally interested and of whose wonderful progress we are all equally proud.

REV. COVERDALE WATSON.

Mr. Mayor and Gentlemen: In view of the foregoing facts of local notoriety, presented by Mr. Macleod, it will be sufficiently evident that we are here in the interests of reputation and decency; in the interests of the poor fallen women themselves, who, as the victims of male lust, we cannot but regard as more sinned against than sinning; in the interest of our sons and daughters, and for the removal of seductive temptation from the youthful and thoughtless; in the interest of sound, wholesome and humane doctrine upon this subject, as against the infamous and heartless ethics that too often come to permeate the public mind as the result of long familiarity and guilty inaction, thus degrading and debauching the public conscience; in the interests of the dignity, nobility and rights of true womanhood, and last, by a guilty tolerance and default of action, the very sense of right and wrong should be lost and fundamental moral distinction obliterated.

We are here to ask that this social vice be proceeded against by vigorous measures of repression, and accordingly beg to submit the following postulates and statements as the convictions that have led us to seek to lay before you this matter, whose delicacy is only equalled by its great and solemn importance and its most serious public concern, viz:

1. We cannot doubt but that this great and nameless crime is primarily and almost wholly the crime of man.

2. We would have all doctrine and sentiment upon the subject brought to the test of the actual and practical, and accordingly would submit the following to the uncorrupted fountain and instincts of the humane conscience:

(1.) Whence are these poor victims of male lust recruited? Are they not some-body's precious girls, daughters and sisters, whose confiding hearts and susceptible natures have been led on towards the abyss, under the most sacred promises and often after long and artful persuasions by men of fiendish motives, to be heartlessly abandoned in their disordered womanhood and bereft of virtue to take refuge in a life of infamy, when reputation, self-respect and hope were gone, whilst the destroyer went free, and "one soul suffered for the guilt of two."

(2.) Who, we ask, with an instinct of humanity, can plead for the continuance of this horrible holocaust? Who of us stands prepared to give his own fair daughter or sister to this lecherous debauchery? If not our own, can we connive at the sacrifice of those of others? If we cannot plead for it, if we cannot support it, if we are not willing to make sacrifices for it we must seek its suppression, or sodden in the guilt of indifference we shall merit the execration of posterity and our chief accusers at the final summing up of things will be the poor fallen ones for whom scant tenderness is felt at the bar of a too partial and thoughtless public opinion.

3. We claim that promiscuous indulgence between the sexes and illicit intercourse so far from mitigating any evil, tends, on the other hand to inflame passion, debauches and bestializes its victims, saps the foundations of self-respect and corrupts beyond any other vice the very fountains of life and virtue.

4. We propose that the law of purity shall be as sternly applied to man as to woman, in utter abhorrence of the inhuman doctrine that says, "Damn the woman and let the man go free."

5. That vice is never a necessity, since if it were it would cease to be vice.

6. That the only lawful treatment of this as of every other vice is repression.

7. The social conscience must be kept up to the point, where it is felt to be an actual restraint upon the passions of men, and this must be done by righteous laws enacted and faithfully executed.

8. We assume, that every brothel is a nuisance and, as such, liable to indictment. That, moreover, the illicit sale of liquor is carried on in most, if not in all, of these places.

9. The ends desired can only be accomplished by a combination of three elements: (1), a just law, (2) municipal vigilance and, (3) private institutional beneficence.

10. Our appeal is to the more reasonable from the fact that already private beneficence has provided at least two homes for the express purpose of taking these poor women out of harm's way, and preparing them for resuming a life of usefulness. The doors of these homes, to be found respectively at 100 Cornmarket street and 132 Vancouver street, are always open to them, whenever their willing feet choose to seek refuge there. Tenderest care and the most compassionate interest await them.

These facts and reasons, we respectfully present, with the prayer of our memorial, under a deep conviction of the supreme worth of moral interests and their vital importance, even for material success.

The Mayor—Gentlemen of the council, you have heard the remarks of the gentleman; what action do you propose to take? Ald. Wilson—There are other members of the deputation; it would be well to hear from all of them before the council took action.

Mr. Alexander Wilson—I think the council has sufficient to work upon, if it will only act as a body.

Ald. Wilson—Do the gentlemen wish to have their statements printed *verbatim*?

The Mayor—I suppose that is the case.

ALD. WILSON

If they wanted their statement printed, is it going to do any good? Will placing it before the young have any good effect? Have the clergymen any idea of the fact that they are informing the young of the existence of places of which they would not be aware unless informed from the pulpit? I say so, and I say it earnestly, that I should be very sorry to see any child of mine to hear anything of this kind.

It is very true that establishments of the kind do exist in the city. He agreed in part with Mr. Macleod, but held that when houses were brought up the visitors, as well as the inmates, should be arrested. Years ago it was the custom to make raids in his native city of Quebec. The authorities succeeded in driving the unfortunate people from one end of the city to the other. Some of them then started fruit and cigar stores, and the same had been the case in Toronto. Such places the police dared not enter. Would the people like to have such a state of affairs here? He was afraid it would be impossible to suppress them. Years ago they were regularly raided here and fined \$50; but it did not make the expected effect. At the present time the same thing was carried on. As regards prostitutes visiting places of entertainment, who was to blame for this but the owners? In Portland prostitutes were not allowed to enter the theatres. That might be made the practice here. Then when these unfortunate made disturbances on the streets they were arrested. The poor women were only as man had made them. Were it not for the demand there would be no supply. Victoria had a police force. He had no objection to let them try and carry out the wishes of the association. But let the customers, as well as the landladies, feel the effects.

ALD. McKILLOP.

I quite endorse the sentiments of the delegation. This is an unnecessary evil, which has grown on us daily. When I first came here, twenty years ago, Victoria was in its infancy, and as Ald. Wilson said, the police took up these women and they were fined. But the difficulty was that they followed them up for a while and then gave it up. Many women came across from the Sound because they think that they have a good field here. Indeed, unless something

be done we shall be corrupted to a greater degree than now. As to what Ald. Wilson had said about giving the young information from the pulpit which they could not obtain from anywhere else it might be said that there are very few boys of 14 or 15 who are not acquainted with the ins and outs of the city. In consequence, I think it is high time for us to suppress these places, and I, as one member of the council, shall do my best to stop them. The action of the Association ought to be endorsed and I shall use my every endeavour to do away with the evil, and I move that the incoming council be recommended to take action in the matter.

Ald. Harrison—I second that motion.

ALD. KELLY.

I admit that this is a great evil, and as the father of a family I should like to see it put an end to. This evil and that of gambling I know to be bad and should like to see them rooted out. But we have no power to send the police into such places. If the Aldermen themselves go in they are spotted; but if the Association will send young men in, have their report and cause a presentation based upon it submitted to the Grand Jury, something might be done; but I am satisfied that under the present law this council cannot act. If any gentleman will go and find out the facts and deal with them in the way I have suggested, the case may be met. We know the grand jury has the power. I must express my sincere thanks to the delegation for their presence, and I hope that something will be arrived at to abate the nuisance.

ALD. SMITH.

I have been twenty-eight years in this country. The mayor and I came in as boys together. I do not hesitate to say that the morality of Victoria compares very favorably with any city on the coast. It is very easy to say that it is a dirty, gambling and immoral town; but if there be any of the evil that can be eradicated let us put our shoulder to the wheel and crush it out. The police have done their best to stop gambling in the city and several of the aldermen went to places where it was supposed to be carried on. The moment we went in the cry was, "Shut the doors," and all we were able to see was a few lights. We went to what are termed the whiskey mills, but saw nothing. I have no doubt that there is a great amount of gambling done here, but to get at the facts a man must become a gambler and informer. The only thing to do is to bring up the children well and try to keep them away from such places. The city is well provided with churches of all denominations, and if the ministers in their pulpits will only inculcate morality and virtue they will do much more than by railing at the City Council. As Ald. Kelly had said, the course to pursue is to have a presentation laid before the grand jury. I myself will assist in this work. I concur with the gentleman as to the existence of the evil, and shall do my best to help and assist them.

Ald. Wilson remarked that almost all the saloon keepers had promised to do all they could to prevent boys gambling. He would be one of the last to interfere with men who were gambling. It was their own fault, and men would please themselves. He would rather see his boys in Ross Bay than become gamblers. He was in hopes that the evil of boy gambling had been cured. It was, however, much better when men gambled, than when boys gambled. When he had visited Chinatown with some of the aldermen he had expected to be able to show them something. But John was well. He got news of the intended visit and there was nothing to be seen. One of the worst evils of the city was the Chinese lottery. He had seen a number of boys around it, but on the occasion of his visit there was not a ticket to be had.

ALD. HARRISON

reminded the council of the necessity of proceeding with the ordinary business. Unless the tenders for sewers were opened, tonight, all that had so far been done in connection with the sewerage would be illegal, and go for nothing. He was quite in accord with the statement that prostitution in Victoria had got beyond the bounds, and must be suppressed.

Ald. Holland endorsed the action of the delegates as far as concerned their attitude on this subject. As a member of the grand jury, he might say that the matter of prostitution had been up this term, and he had no doubt that if the subject were presented to them they would take the action which was required.

MAYOR GRANT—

We need not go to the grand jury; the council is perfectly competent to act. The duties of the council are clearly laid down. It has, as one of its functions, the protection of the public morals. While agreeing with the idea of moral reform, I ask whether it is wise to banish these women? The question of moral reform has been thrashed out for hundreds of years. The question stands as it did hundreds of years ago. It was possible that matters of this kind were regulated better elsewhere than here. In his opinion, it would be one of the most unwise things, let the country be ever so moral, to attempt to banish the social evil. I say—and I do so fearlessly and candidly—that so soon as we do that then there begins a system of immorality that will be far worse than anything ever before. I sympathize with the delegation, but I differ with them and their methods. I know gentlemen who go about and work without declaring the city to be a pest-house, as one gentleman did from his pulpit on a recent occasion. But so long as they preach and denounce, without action, and without the exercise of charity, I would remind them of the scripture story of the woman taken in adultery, when the Saviour stooping down to the ground asked "Who are thy accusers," and when she said "No man Lord," replied "Neither will I. Go and sin no more." There is too little of that kind of thing preached here. There is too little tolerance, and a writing which I have from a minister and to which I shall presently allude, shows that the writer was not at all possessed of charity, one of the three great virtues. Give me a man who is possessed of charity. Preaching with many is one thing and practicing is another; they should go hand in hand. I am asking, what are you going to do with these poor women? It has been estimated that seventeen women out of every hundred intend to be bad, while 55 out of every 100 men have the same intentions. In this matter it is the men who have been to blame primarily; but they are not alone. What, let me ask, is the result if women do fall? If a woman falls she is branded by every one. But they are not so much branded and persecuted by the men as by

Continued on Eighth Page.

A STICKING POINT.

The Council Find Obstacles in the Way of Considering the Sewerage Tenders.

Last night's meeting of the city council, introduced by that body's interview with the Temperance and Moral Reform Council, was a succession of surprises and departures from all rules and precedents. It was an interesting session notwithstanding, and the large audience—principally composed of those interested in the fate of the sewerage tenders—frequently gave expression to their views by condemnation applause. Preceding the unusual business of the night came the routine work of disposing of

COMMUNICATIONS,

which were disposed of in the following order: Robert Planmer—Applying for the position of returning officer or poll clerk at the approaching election. Received and filed.

Redon & Hartnagle—complaining that some one had tapped their sewer. Referred to committee.

W. H. Mason—asking for the customary donation to the British Columbia Benevolent Society. The request was granted.

Edward Meston—complaining of the unsatisfactory condition of Market street. Referred to Street committee.

M. R. Smith—looking toward the repair of Niagara street. Referred to the Street committee.

J. P. Davies & Co.—urging that something be done to remedy the frightful condition of the crossings on Store street. Referred to the Street committee.

Ellis & Co.—enclosing samples of illustrations to be published in the New Year's Columnist, and soliciting the assistance of the board in circulating the same to the best advantage; also tendering for the publication of a valuable and well illustrated pamphlet descriptive of Victoria and the country surrounding. Referred to the Printing committee for a report.

H. Hayes, secretary of the Union club—declining to pay the license fee demanded of the club. Referred to the City barristers with instructions for them to collect by process of law.

Department of Public Works—refusing permission to the Council to erect a sanitary wharf at Holland Point. Ordered to be acknowledged and filed.

Bodwell & Irving—relating to the unfortunate accident during the repair of Rock Bay bridge, when, owing to the proper precaution not being observed, a little three-year-old boy named Alexander Smith fell through a trap in the foot-path, and was crippled for life. It was asked that suitable compensation be made the parents of the little sufferer. Referred to the street committee and city barristers for an early report.

E. G. Prior and J. P. Burgess—applying for the refund of \$50 fines imposed upon them in 1888, for infractions of the building by law which the writers allege are allowed to pass unnoted and unpenalized by the authorities to-day. On this communication a long discussion took place and the letter was finally referred to the city building inspector, city surveyor and street committee.

J. W. Sinclair—asking for a sidewalk on Niagara street. Referred to committee.

Lemon, Gonistom & Co.—requesting that the road leading to their new factory be made passable for wagons bringing in the necessary machinery. Referred to committee.

THE STICKING POINT.

The next business taken up was the reception of tenders, this being the time for opening the bids for sewerage construction. Ald. McKillop favored the reference of the tenders in hand to a special meeting of the council and sewerage commissioners, tomorrow evening. Ald. Harrison protested vigorously, urging that the tenders should be considered in open council, and at once. He moved accordingly.

Prior to the presentation of that motion, however, Ald. Harrison wished to introduce one to the following effect: "As the advertisement inviting tenders had stipulated that 5 per cent. of the contract figure should accompany each bid, and as the tenders were likely to run much in excess of the sum at the disposal of the council at the present time, say 5 per cent. of \$240,000, or \$12,000, would be considered a satisfactory guarantee in the consideration of the tenders."

Several aldermen were on their feet at once to protest that the advertisements distinctly stated that 5 per cent. of the contract bid should be enclosed with each tender.

Ald. Holland said that the mayor had told several contractors that a deposit of \$12,000 would ensure the consideration of their tenders.

This the mayor did not deny, while no one could say that some of the tenders had not been put in under this misunderstanding.

Ald. McKillop advised one night's delay, in order that mistaken tenderers might increase the sum of their deposit to the required amount. This produced a storm of opposition, and motions and counter motions poured in, with a view to escaping from a tangle. Mr. Thomas Earle, speaking for the sewerage commissioners, said that they would not consent to the consideration of any tender not accompanied by 5 per cent. of the whole amount. It was then decided to adopt Ald. McKillop's suggestion and it was at once seconded, put to vote and carried.

Immediately the council adjourned informally, the contractors surrounded the aldermanic chairs or their occupants, and the Mayor descended from the throne to join in the miscellaneous debate, leaving Ald. Kelly to enjoy a nap in the chair for half-an-hour. Business was then resumed, and abruptly terminated, a motion being passed to defer all remaining business until a special meeting to be held at 7.30 this (Thursday) evening.

Brown-Sequard Can Cure Consumption, PARIS, Dec. 16.—Dr. Brown-Sequard was visited at Nice, recently, by Dr. Linn, an American. He denied that his elixir had the same effect as Prof. Koch's lymph. He said, however, that it would support consumptives until they could recover. He added that he had received from all parts of the world confirmation of his conviction that the disease could be combated by his methods, which prevented weakness until nature threw off the disease.

Ex-Empress Eugenie's Loss. LONDON, Dec. 16.—The Empress Eugenie is reported to be a heavy loser by the recent depression in South American securities, as she has invested largely in them.

INDIAN LAMENTATIONS.

Mourning the Death of the Indian Police—Effects of Sitting Bull's Death.

Fears that the Followers of the Dead Chief will seek to Avenge His Death.

BISMARCK, N. D., Dec. 16. — The country is terribly wrought up over Sitting Bull's killing, and instead of an easy feeling, now that the old Sioux warrior is dead, much apprehension is felt.

The 100 or so followers of Sitting Bull who are swarming over the country, will terrorize the settlers on the frontier, and it is feared that many an innocent family will suffer on account of this action of the military authorities.

The conflict, in which over a dozen were shot dead, is looked upon as a bad move.

The cavalry troops are blamed for permitting the Indian police to ride off so far in advance, when, if the two bodies had come upon the heels, the latter would have been overwhelmed and Sitting Bull taken into custody.

Crowfoot, Sitting Bull's son, who was killed in the engagement, was a bright lad about 12 years old.

Nothing definite can be learned from Standing Rock by telegraph, as there is nothing but a military wire and the officials will permit the transmission of official matters only.

The situation is now serious. It is not for a moment doubted that the telegraph instruments at the government signal office have been clicking incessantly since yesterday morning. A force was kept on all last night night, something never before done, and messages to and from army headquarters were constantly going through.

Efforts of correspondents to gather any details have been futile. The scene on the reservation to-day when the Indians gathered around the bodies of the dead warriors was one that can not fully describe. The Indian policeman is the flower of the tribe. With his shiny uniform he is a more prominent personage among the reds than the biggest chief. The squaws will keep up the death song for weeks; they will cut off their hair, chop pieces from their fingers and stain their bodies fancifully. An enterprising merchant of Bismarck this morning made an offer of \$1000 for Sitting Bull's hide.

THE DANGER OVER.

CHICAGO, Dec. 16. — Up to noon to-day no further news was received as the army headquarters regarding the situation in the Northwest. Speaking of the death of Sitting Bull, Adj. Gen. Carbin said to an Associated press reporter that it was most probably the beginning of the end of the trouble.

He said that as Sitting Bull was dead, the Indians who had great faith in him as a medicine man, would come into the agency within the next two or three days, when they hear of his death.

If they do not Gen. Brooke has things in shape to make short work of them. They are penned up in the bad lands, where nobody lives and where they can do no damage.

THE CRAZE STILL SPREADING.

CHICO, Cal., Dec. 16. — The Indians of the ranches near Chico have commenced the Messianic, or ghost dance, in a large roundup or sweat house. Remnants of all the tribes still remaining in Butte county are participating.

The dance is held each year about January but was hastened this year by a strange Indian, who came in from Nevada and told the tribes here that their brethren in the East were dancing and that the Messiah would surely come.

Some 300 participants will dance. They seem to be very enthusiastic and excited over coming events.

The Nevada Indian made a long exhortation and predicted that the Indians would soon rule California again, when the Messiah came.

The dance is only a religious fever, participated in by the elderly Indians. They are civilized, attend school and have a chapel for services, and find employment in town and on the ranches. Hundreds of white people have attended the dances.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

THE WHEEL.

No thing in recent months has caused such a commotion in amateur athletic ranks as the recent suspension of famous bicyclists by the League of American Wheelmen. The charges against the riders are that they have overstepped the bounds of amateurism by accepting more money from the clubs to which they belong than the actual output for traveling expenses to the various racing meets last season. The Amateur Athletic Union has, in accordance with its usual custom, ratified the action on the part of the L.A.W. until the charges can be cleared. The A.A.U. officials, however, have a feeling that the L.A.W. have in some cases acted without reason.

President Schuyler and William B. Curtis of the New York Athletic Club do not deny that the bicyclists of their club had their expenses paid to many of the meets. It has always been the custom of the New York A.C. to pay the expenses of its athletes to the principal athletic events of the year, and it is upheld in this by the Amateur Athletic Union.

LACROSSE.

LEROUX IS A PROFESSIONAL.

After months of discussion, wrangling and newspaper comment the famous Leroux lacrosse case has been finally settled, and the Cornwall player is proclaimed a professional. Some two weeks ago Mr. George Higginbotham, secretary of the Canadian Amateur Athletic association, received the last vote of the members by mail. It was against Leroux, and made the vote eight to six in favor of disqualification. The special committee, consisting of Messrs. Pearson, Stark and Macdonald, were divided in their report on the evidence of Mr. Stark favoring the player. At a special meeting of the association it was resolved to send copies of all evidence and the

special committee's report to the members, many of whom reside outside Toronto. The result shows that opinions were pretty well divided, but a majority declared that professionalism will not be tolerated in Canadian lacrosse, and Leroux must go to the wall. This result was reached after calm deliberation and certainly will not be affected by the mammoth kick that will surely come from Cornwall.

THE SEALING QUESTION.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15. — A World special from Washington says: It appears that another crisis has been reached in negotiating between this government and Great Britain with regard to the seal fisheries in Behring's Sea.

It is learned from a reliable source that Blaine intends to send to Congress, within a few days, a special report on the subject, which will declare another failure to agree, even upon the mode of proceedings to effect a final agreement.

Both sides, it appears, are willing to leave to arbitration the question of the sovereignty of the waters of Behring's Sea, and the consequent right of the United States revenue cutters to seize or interfere with Canadian sealing vessels outside of the three miles line; but they cannot agree upon the method of getting at this arbitration, and they cannot agree upon a temporary regulation to be applied during the time which must elapse before the result of arbitration can be known.

The British Minister proposes that for the temporary period it shall be understood that all seal hunting in all parts of Behring's Sea shall be entirely prohibited during May and June, and from October to December, and that, during July, August and September, no marauders shall be permitted to land on the seal islands, and no sailing vessels shall be permitted to approach within ten miles of the islands.

Blaine is utterly dissatisfied with this proposition. The period from July to September, he decides, is the very best poaching season.

PUNCH MAKES AN ASSERTION.

Punch says, "The milk of human kindness is not to be found in the PALE of society." If so, we think it is time for all hands to "kick the bucket." Here in Canada we have seen considerable of "the milk of human kindness in the PALE of society. When Canadian ladies find themselves benefitted in any way in their homes they are always big-hearted enough to let their friends know it. In this way Diamond Dyes have been introduced and used in almost every household of the Dominion, and in every case one trial demonstrated their great value. Ladies, who had been deceived so often by common imitation dyes, were urged by their more fortunate sisters to try the Diamond Dyes and to-day these ladies are the strongest defenders of Diamond Dyes. It matters not what material you wish to re-color; Diamond Dyes are the most powerful, surest and safest dyes in the world.

Too Large a Stock.

Lange & Co.'s Eastern agents, through a mistake, sent them more goods than they ordered. Not having room to display or to store the surplus amount of goods on hand, they will sell them for almost cost for the next two weeks so as to dispose of them as quickly as possible. All jewelry to order is manufactured on the premises. 1mo

More Than Fifty Patterns

Of elegant upholstered platform and floor rockers now on exhibition at John Weiler's Mammoth Showrooms, 51 to 55 Fort street. Also a full line of reed and bamboo furniture of latest styles.

The Union Pacific Railway

Is selling excursion tickets good for six months from date of sale, with choice of routes as follows:

Chicago and return.....\$100.00
St. Louis and return..... 92.00
Omaha, Kansas City, St. Paul and return..... 80.00
Denver and return..... 70.00
New York and return..... 130.00
New Orleans and return..... 92.00

For tickets or information call on MORRIS J. BISSELL, 100 Government St. eod*

A. P. JOYCE & CO.,
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

Room 6, Bank of British Columbia Building, Victoria, B.C. au22-12m

FOR SALE

At Holmesdale, near the thriving town of Duncan

Building Lots and Garden or Farm Lots

One-half acre to 50 acre lots to suit purchasers. Some of the most productive Land in the World. Also

160 ACRES AT COWICHAN LAKE.

Fine Location, 80 chains sandy beach, good land, southern aspect, never-failing streams. Chief fishing station.

Also Lot 7 of Suburban Lot 51 in Esquimalt District, containing three-quarter acres, water frontage. For further particulars apply to the Rev. D. Holmes. no7

LADIES INCREASE YOUR COMFORT BY WEARING KEATHERBONE

TRY A SAMPLE PAIR. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

MADE ONLY BY CANADA FEATHERBONE CO. LONDON, O.

ASK FOR KEATHERBONE CORSETS

THEY ARE MORE DURABLE
THEY ARE MORE GRACEFUL
THEY ARE MORE STYLISH

CORSETS.

THAN ANY OTHER CORSET IN THE MARKET.

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THE DRINK FOR COLD WEATHER

PALATABLE —AND— STRENGTHENING.

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF

GRATEFUL —AND— SATISFYING.

There is solid comfort in a cup of Hot Fluid Beef. de15-21-w

MISCELLANEOUS.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Is hereby given that I am on hand at the corner of Yates and Broad streets and that I am selling the

CHOICEST GROCERIES

The Lowest Prices

(All things considered) in this City

FLOUR FROM CALIFORNIA, OREGON, MANITOBA AND B. C.

BEST QUALITY OF

HAMS, BACON, DRY SALT PORK, LARD, FRESH AND CREAMERY BUTTER.

CANNED MEATS, CANNED VEGETABLES, CANNED FRUITS, CANNED FISH. Oilmen's Stores Direct from Cross & Blackwell.

In fact every article usually found in a first-class Grocery Store.

No goods sold at cost! No deception practised! No short weights or measures! No discount humbug!

My object is to obtain and retain the confidence of my customers.

A. J. ROWBOTHAM

TELEPHONE No. 108. P. O. Box 478 au26-mos-dw

RAILWAY WOOD YARD

Have always on hand a large supply of first-class

CORDWOOD.

Orders promptly attended to and FULL MEASURE GUARANTEED.

OFFICE IN RAILWAY YARD

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W. A. BISSETT, Agent. no13-1m

FOR : CHINESE : CURIOS

GO TO—

FOOK YUEN & CO.,

Next door to the Chinese Joss house, 46 FISGARD STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

We have just received from China and Japan a large consignment of

Silkware, Dressing Gowns and Jackets, Bronze and Ivoryware, Porcelain Tosses, Cups and Saucers; Satsumaware, Vases, Lacquered-ware Fire Screens, etc., etc.

Please give us a call before purchasing your Christmas presents, and we will offer you the lowest price and the finest goods in the market.

L. MONG-KOW —MANAGER— ly29

JUST RECEIVED

In the very best condition a consignment of

HOLLAND BULBS

—CONSISTING OF—

Hyacinths, Tulips, Narcissus, CROCUS, SNOWDROPS, Etc.

Also Best Lawn Grass Seed for Immediate Sowing.

Send for price list of Bulbs, Trees, Shrubs, &c. G. A. McTAVISH, Inveravish Nursery, Park Road, Victoria. au21

NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 1A or O, 1 and 2 and Lot 3, (Lime Bay), Victoria West.

CERTIFICATES of indefensible title to the above lots will be issued to John Hall on the twenty-sixth day of January, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lots or some part thereof.

CHARLES JAMES LEGGATT, Registrar-General, Land Registry Office, Victoria, 22nd October, 1890. oc23-3m

"Land Registry Act."

Subdivision 29 of Suburban Lot XIX., Victoria City.

TAKE notice that it is my intention to register the title to the above mentioned subdivision in the name of Sarah McNeil for life, with remainder in the name of Charles McNeil in fee, unless a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lots or some part thereof, on or before the 25th day of January, 1891.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General, Land Registry Office, Victoria, 5th November, 1890. no5

In the Matter of James Rossiter, deceased, intestate; and in the Matter of the Official Administrator's Act.

NOTICE is hereby given that by an order of the Supreme Court of B. C., dated the 25th day of November, 1890, it was ordered that I, William Monteith, should be administrator of all and singular the goods, chattels and credits of James Rossiter, late of the City of Victoria, deceased. And notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby required to send to me, the undersigned, particulars in writing of said claims, on or before the 25th day of January, 1891.

Dated Victoria, 4th Dec., 1890. WM. MONTEITH, Official Administrator.

In the Matter of Fong Ah Tong, Deceased, intestate, and in the Matter of the Official Administrator's Act.

NOTICE is hereby given that, by the order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, dated 28th day of Nov., 1890, it was ordered that I, William Monteith, should be administrator of all and singular the goods, chattels and credits of Fong Ah Tong, late of the City of Victoria, deceased. And notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby required to send to me, the undersigned, particulars in writing of said claims, on or before the 25th day of January, 1891.

Dated Victoria, 4th Dec., 1890. WM. MONTEITH, Official Administrator.

Re. John McIntyre, of Lytton, B. C., Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that there will be sold by public auction, by the executor of the will of the above named deceased, on Saturday, the 3rd day of January, 1891, (subject to such conditions as to title as will then be paid,) at the store in Lytton, wherein the said deceased carried on business, the following property:

An undivided one-half share or interest of and in the business carried on by the said deceased at the time of his death; also, of and in the half lot of land wherein the said store stands; and also of and in the land known as lot 5, block 10, town of Lytton.

Dated, Dec. 3rd, 1890. CHAS. E. POOLEY, Solicitor for A. Stevenson, the Executor. de5-td

HENRY HARLAND, INTESTATE, DECEASED.

FORTUNE & HARLAND.

ALL PERSONS having any claims against the estate of Henry Harland, late of Endorby, B. C., farmer, intestate, deceased, or against Alexander Leslie Fortune, of Endorby aforesaid, farmer, and the said deceased in respect of their late partnership firm of Fortune & Harland, are hereby requested to send full particulars of their claims, duly authenticated, to the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of January, 1891, when the undersigned will proceed to distribute the said estate of the said deceased as required by the said will, and to those claims of which he has had no notice.

All persons indebted to the said estate or firm are required to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated the 28th day of November, 1890. JOHN HARLAND, Administrator of the said Estate. no28-1m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I have transferred my Grocery business on 81 Douglas Street, to my son, W. A. Campbell, from Dec. 1st, who will carry on the same business. All book debts will be collected by me; also all bills will be paid by me to date. Thanking my friends for their liberal patronage, and soliciting a continuance for my successor.

D. CAMPBELL, Victoria, Nov. 30, 1890. de2

NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF DAVIE & BODWELL HAS been dissolved, Mr. Davie retiring from the concern. Mr. Bodwell has associated himself with Mr. P. J. Irving, formerly of the Attorney-General's Office, and the practice will henceforth be carried on at the premises formerly occupied by Davie & Bodwell, under the name of Bodwell & Irving, who will liquidate all obligations of the old firm, to whom all debts due to the same are to be paid, and who will conduct all pending litigation entrusted to the former concern.

Mr. Davie will carry on the practice of a Barrister separately.

THEODORE DAVIE, ERNEST V. BODWELL, P. J. IRVING. 29th November, 1890. no30-1m

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between William Augustus Haynes and Albert Emanuel Haynes, as bakers and confectioners at Victoria under the name of the "Arcade Bakery," has been dissolved.

ALBERT E. HAYNES, Dated this 29th November, 1890. no21-1m

NOTICE.

PERSONS having claims against the French Benevolent Society are hereby requested to present them to me for payment not later than the 30th inst. By order of the President, L. Braverman.

JOHN WENGER, Treasurer. no8

MUNICIPAL.

NOTICE is hereby given that from and after this date, Chamber Street, between Chamber Street and Fernwood Road, will be closed for traffic, until further notice.

By order, WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C. City Clerk's office, Nov. 13, 1890. no11

CAUTION.

THE public is hereby cautioned against negotiating three notes drawn by me, for which I will not be responsible, viz:

First one, \$500, three months after date, Aug. 25, 1890.
Second one, \$567, three months after date, Nov. 25, 1890.
Third one, \$108.83, six months after date, Aug. 25, 1890.

Made in favor of George Everton, of Chilliwack, B. C., and payable at the Bank of B. C., New Westminster, as value has not been received for them.

(Signed) SILAS FADER, Chilliwack. oc9-3m

LOST—a Solitaire Diamond scarf pin (in a gold setting) and a pair of 18K F&S and Wharf st., on Friday last. Reward if left at the office of Irving & Haywood. de2-w

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING.

Newest, Cheapest and Best

IN THE CITY.

PRICES LOW AND QUALITY GOOD.

No. 78, Corner Yates and Broad Streets
ARTHUR HOLMES. mo8-6mo

CLARENCE HOTEL,
VICTORIA, B. C.

After the 15th of September, and during the winter months, Boarders will be received at the CLARENCE HOTEL on very reasonable terms. For rates either for Board, Room and Board, or Room only, please apply to
W. C. ANDERSON, Proprietor.
Including Hot and Cold Water Baths free. The hotel is heated throughout by hot water. The Hotel has also Electric Bells and Lights. se11-3mos

K H. MANSELL. K

LADIES' GENTS'

LARGE CONSIGNMENT

CELEBRATED WATERPROOF

BOOTS.

BOYS' YOUTHS'

95 GOVERNMENT ST.

JUST ARRIVED. JUST ARRIVED.

ANOTHER DROP IN COAL!!!

The Victoria Coal, Wood and Lumber Yard

Are offering

NEW WELLINGTON

COAL

Superior to anything received in Market for domestic purposes. Prices, per ton \$7.00 until further notice.

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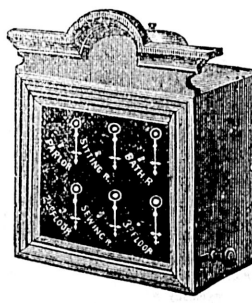
EXAMINE

THE CORK SOLED BOOTS

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

At Erskine's Boot and Shoe Emporium,

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Electric Bells, Annunciators,

BURGLAR ALARMS Etc.

In all Designs and Combinations Supplied and put in with Neatness and Despatch by Trained

Workmen Under the Direction of

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Thirty-five years experience in Electric and Wire Work. All work Guaranteed. Orders taken at

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CONTRACTORS FOR ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF

ASPHALT PAVING

Roofing, Construction of Sea Walls, Coating of Iron Pipes, Reservoirs, Cellars, Steamers, Wharf Piles, Etc.

We beg to call the attention of the public to the great advantage of our ASPHALT GARDEN WALK PAVING, as being free from weeds, always clean and most durable.

JNO. COUGHLAN, J. E. CRANE, MANAGER, SEC. AND TREAS.

OFFICE OF

CRANE, MCGREGOR & BOGGS, 30 Broad St. au30

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GERVAS F. WAKE & CO.
Real Estate Agents,
52 LANGLEY STREET.

A FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE.

11 ROOMED HOUSE, SUITABLE FOR A boarding house.

E ESQUIMALT ROAD PROPERTY.

27 ACRES ON GORDON HEAD ROAD.

14 ACRES ON GORDON HEAD ROAD.

FARM OF 178 ON SOMENOS LAKE.

290 ACRES ON PENDER ISLAND.

100 ACRES ON SAANICH ROAD.

LOTS—JAMES BAY, FERNWOOD Fred, Henry and Collinson Streets.

de2

FOWL BAY.

CHOICE LOTS

In this Delightful Neighborhood, some fronting on the Sea, can be had now at extremely low figures.

IRVING & JOHNSTON,

Trounce Avenue,

VICTORIA, B. C. ly1

B. C. Pottery and Terra Cotta Co.

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AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - \$60,000

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1890.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY

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A. C. SARGISON, }
THE COLONIST BUILDING, GOVERNMENT ST.

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Per Year, (Postage free to any part of Canada) \$10 00
Parts of a year at the same rate
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Three Months 75
Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in ADVANCE.

ARE THEY INTELLIGENT?

We hear a good deal about the superior intelligence and sharpness of our neighbors the Americans. We are told that they have the finest common school system in the world and that consequently the people educated under it, in business can beat all creation. If this is the case it is but reasonable to expect to see in the organization of the people, whether for political or business purposes, indications of this superior intelligence.

The Farmers Alliance is an organization of the American people. The great majority of its members have received no other education than that which they could obtain at the district schools. Of course, each of them being his own master, and each possessing and exercising political powers and privileges as a member of the commonwealth, has had the practical and very valuable education, which, taking a part in political contests and managing his own affairs gives. The farmers of this alliance are not therefore to be regarded as mere clodhoppers who never had a chance to think for themselves and who from childhood have been in the habit of doing as they are told. These self-reliant men who have been their own masters have become tired of the politicians. They believe that they have been imposed upon, both in politics and business, and they have combined to promote their own interests. They have, after much deliberation, drawn up a platform, in which are embodied the principles on which, if they have their way, both the Government and the business of the country are to be conducted.

The first thing that strikes the reader is the very great dependence which these men, supposed to be self-reliant, place upon government. Government is, with them, omnipotent. It can cure all evils and remedy every grievance.

These farmers, like the people of all occupations in all countries, have keenly the want of money. Their expenses have been greater than their income, and they have been often short of cash. Owning the land they cultivate, and finding men and institutions willing to lend them money, taking the land for security, a very large proportion of them have mortgaged their farms. The mortgaging houses were, at first, found to be very convenient, but the interest, after a while, came to be a heavy burden, and, in many cases, was not paid. The usual results ensued. Men lost their farms, and had to begin life again, when they were growing old. The farmers became soured, and they conceived and cultivated a very vigorous hatred of money lenders, and money lending institutions. Therefore, their first object, when they organized, was to get even with the banks and loan companies. They are determined to make the government their banker. It is to supply them with money on their own terms, and at their own rate of interest. Here is the very first plank of their platform, or it may be more fitly described, as the foundation on which their platform rests:

"Abolition of national banks; establishment of sub-treasuries in the several States to loan money direct to the people at a rate of interest not to exceed two per cent. per annum on non-perishable farm products and real estate, with a proper limitation on the quantity of land and amount of money; that the amount of the circulating medium be speedily increased to not less than \$50 per capita."

We do not know which to admire most, the modesty or the intelligence of the members of this farmers' alliance. If the farmers have a right to borrow money from the government on the security of their lands, their wheat, their oats, their barley and their cattle, the manufacturers have quite as good a right, so have the fishermen, so have the miners, and so, has everyone who has real estate and non-perishable security to offer. It would never do for the Government to make fish of one class and flesh of another. It would have to become the universal banker and money lender, and before very long its necessities would require it to become the greatest and almost the only dealer in commodities of all sorts.

If these farmers were as intelligent as we would expect them to be, they would have known that lending money on land and non-perishable articles is not a business which a government can do with profit, either to itself or to the people. It has been tried before, and it has failed egregiously. At this very moment the Argentine Republic is suffering from

meddling in this land-banking business, and from the wholesale robbery to which it gave such a splendid opportunity.

The Farmers' Alliance seems to be under the impression that the government can make money at will, both of paper and silver, and can keep up its value. This has been proved to be a delusion over and over again, as the Farmers' Alliance ought to know. But its faith in Government is unbounded. This, however, is not a faith that can run ve mountains. But it is one that is pretty sure to create trouble. In trying to put its theories into practice, it is more than probable the Alliance will do any amount of mischief. It will soon have able and energetic men ready to do its bidding. The Alliance has votes at its command—a very great many of them—and votes in the United States can buy talent and energy. But it does not say much for the intelligence of a large proportion of the citizens of the United States that such wild and impracticable theories are eagerly accepted and enthusiastically supported by such great numbers.

A DISTANT OBSERVER.

It is said that the looker on sees the most of the game. Examples of the truth of this saying occur very often. One would not expect to find that an observer in so distant a country as India would be able to form a more correct idea of the attitude which the United States has assumed towards Canada in matters of trade, than many Canadians who are supposed to be intelligent, and who should have some spirit. The Times, of India, viewing the situation from Calcutta, says:

"Canada also has received a slap in the face, and resents it very strongly. The majority of farm produce imported from Canada is to be heavily taxed under the new measure; and this will cause Canada to seek markets elsewhere, which she is quite capable of doing. But, further, we are mistaken if this Tariff measure does not bind the tie even more closely between Canada and the mother country, which, at any rate, will be one good purpose served. The Premier of the Dominion, Sir John Macdonald, gave a most interesting speech on the question on 2nd October, in which he stated that, although evidently this restrictive policy of the States was to force Canadians to 'sell out their flag and their allegiance to their Sovereign,' Canadians were not so sordid and mean as to sell their heritage for a mess of pottage. He declared that he had unbounded faith in the future of Canada and her ability to survive Yankee commercial hostility."

The Times, of India, does no more than justice to Canadians generally, but there are, we are sorry to observe, some men among them who are so "sordid" as to put up with any indignity and to bear any insult if they believe that their tameness will be productive to them of trade advantages.

THE AMERICAN VIEW.

Reciprocity with Canada is freely discussed by the American newspapers. The protectionist journals generally reject it on the ground that the advantages would be all on the side of Canada. Some of them, however, look upon the proposal with favor, because they believe that reciprocity in trade would inevitably lead to annexation. This is the view taken by the San Francisco Chronicle. Discussing Mr. Erasmus Wiman's proposal for unrestricted reciprocity it says: "Although he does not say so, Mr. Wiman probably sees that such a reciprocity treaty would be a species of political union almost equivalent to an annexation. To paraphrase Fletcher of Alabama, we might say: 'Let us make the tariff laws of Canada and we do not care what she calls her form of government.' Canada would be in the position of discriminating against her nominal sovereign and of dealing on equal terms with another and contiguous country. The inevitable consequence would be severance from Great Britain and complete political union with the United States."

Although there are many Canadians who set a high value upon reciprocity in trade with the United States—ourselves among the number—they are not prepared to give in exchange for it their allegiance to Great Britain. "European domination" is not, we assure our California contemporary, at all distasteful to the great majority of Canadians. It is the reverse of oppressive, in fact it is hardly felt to be "domination" at all. Every year's experience convinces Canadians that they enjoy a larger amount of freedom and exercise a greater control over their Government than do the citizens of the United States. The bond which unites Canada to Great Britain is not a chain, it is the silken tie of affection, and Canadians generally are very far indeed from wishing to be "cut loose from England." If the citizens of the United States do not make up their minds to deal with Canadians on equal terms, if they will only consent to entertain proposals for reciprocity on the condition, expressed or implied, of their cutting loose from England, they may depend upon it that the great majority of them will cheerfully suffer all the inconveniences consequent upon restricted trade relations between the two countries rather than entertain for a single moment such a condition.

Olive Cabana.

Electric Waterproof dressing the best extant. H. Mansell, sole agent for B.C. Try one tin, fifteen cents. 1w

A DESPERATE FIGHT.

Parnell keeps up the fight in Ireland with a courage worthy of a better cause. It is impossible not to admire his pluck. Most men's sympathy, whether they will it or not, goes with the man who is fighting against great odds. As they contemplate the unequal struggle they forget the merits of the cause. Parnell's fight is a desperate one. The great majority of those who look coolly on see that his defeat is inevitable. He has against him nearly the whole Liberal Party in Great Britain, a large proportion, some say the greater part, of the National Party in Ireland, and the whole body of the Roman Catholic clergy in the three kingdoms. What can Parnell and his followers do against such an array as this? They may keep up the fight for a while, but they must succumb sooner or later. Already it may be observed the masses are turning against him in Ireland. His journey through some of the Irish counties where the great majority are enthusiastic partisans of the National cause, has been very far from being a triumphal procession. He has heard during that journey much that must have been most unpleasant to ears that have for so long been accustomed to hear nothing but praise and blessings from Irish crowds.

But he has still many followers and many admirers both in the United Kingdom and America. These make light of his offence, and declare that among those who denounce him there are many worse than he. They tell us of many statesmen and warriors who have continued to be esteemed and trusted by the people, although their offences were of the same kind and quite as great as those of Parnell. We see in the Weekly Herald, of Cork, and the Argonaut, of San Francisco, articles of this kind, and these articles, no doubt, express the opinion of quite a large number of persons. But they are mistaken. They have not gauged the British public opinion of these days. It would take a stronger man than Parnell, and one who is much more necessary to the nation than he, to stem the current of public opinion that sets in against the public man who has committed so flagrant an offence against the law of God, the properties of life and the principles of honor.

For new and fresh Xmas Presents, go to the Central Book-store, 45 Government St.

HIGHEST CASH prices paid for ladies' and gents' cast off clothing. Address—S. Connors, 2nd door west Broad st., on Johnson.

We have Just Received a Fresh Importation of

JAPANESE CURIOS

DIRECT FROM JAPAN,

And we are now able to offer to the public the finest lot of Japanese curios ever presented in Victoria.

As this is the first genuine Japanese Store established in Victoria, we would solicit the patronage of the public.

Give us a call before buying your Christmas presents and see what we have.

ROKUBAN,

no18 150 Government St., near Johnston St.

The Celebrated French Cure,

Warranted to cure

APHRODITINE or money refunded.

Is sold on POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or any disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco, or through indigestion, or such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhoea, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price \$1 a box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. Sent by mail on receipt of price.

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THE APHRODITINE CO. WESTERN BRANCH, PORTLAND, OR.

Box 27. SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGISTS, 406-408 Douglas St., Victoria, B.C.

Agents for Victoria.

THE APHRODITINE CO. WESTERN BRANCH, PORTLAND, OR.

Box 27. SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, DRUGGISTS, 406-408 Douglas St., Victoria, B.C.

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Thouret, Fitzgibbon & Co.,

MONTREAL, NEW YORK, BERLIN,

Importers and Manufacturers Agents

Recognized leaders in Specialties of

DRESS GOODS

KID, SILK AND FABRIC

GLOVES.

Silks, Wool, Lisle, Etc., Underwear in Men's and Women's, Silk, Wool, Lisle, Etc., Hosiery in Men and Women's, Waterproofs Men and Women's, Tailors' Woolens, Linings and Trimmings, Embroideries, White Goods, Lace Curtains, Fancy Linens, Chemise Curtains, Etc.

SELLING AGENTS.

H. A. DRISCOLL & CO.

P. O. BOX 179

WINNIPEG.

mv17-cod 1

WILLIAM SCHUR

21 Broad Street, near View Street,

begs to announce that he has begun business as a

Merchant Tailor

at the above address, where he hopes to have a share of public patronage. He guarantees to give

PERFECT SATISFACTION!

He is a Practical Tailor, having been employed in Paris and other centres of fashion, which warrants him in announcing that his work will be

SECOND TO NONE.

FISH, FRUIT, POULTRY.

GEORGE KING,

In assuming the entire control of the Business of

KING, DYER & CO., 54 Fort Street,

Begs to return thanks for favors conferred on the late firm, and to assure his old customers that he shall endeavor to merit a continuance of their patronage.

Everything in season always in Stock

no23

MANCHESTER HOUSE.

Annual Display

OF

GOODS SUITABLE FOR CHRISTMAS

CONSISTING OF—

Wool Shawls, Fascinators, Children's Wool Caps and Toques

FUR BOAS AND MUFS.

HAND SATCHELS, Bags and Purses of the newest designs. Our GLOVE department consists of fur-trimmed Kid, Astrachan backs, Cashmere, also the celebrated Josephine Kid Glove; every glove warranted.

MILLINERY in the newest designs. MANTLES and JACKETS in Sealette and Cloth, in the latest styles.

COMFORTER QUILTS and Blankets. Lace Curtains. Art Muslins, beautiful designs.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS in best quality and lowest price in the city.

DRESSMAKING, under the management of MISS V. WADSWORTH, of Toronto,

T. HAUGHTON & CO., - 88 YATES ST.

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr., Real Estate and Financial Broker.

CITY PROPERTY A SPECIALTY.

SOME CHOICE LOTS ON VERY EASY TERMS IN THE FOLLOWING PARTS OF THE CITY:

James Bay, Work Estate, Spring Ridge, Gorge Road, Saanich Road, Victoria East, Fernwood Estate, Regent Park

INTEREST AND RENTS COLLECTED AND RETURNS MADE PROMPTLY.

CONVEYANCING in all its branches executed expeditiously and carefully.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE AT CURRENT RATES. MONEY TO LOAN AT A LOW RATE OF INTEREST.

51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

Have just received ex. "Brook Bay" a large consignment of the celebrated

LLOYD & LLOYD

Gas and Water Tubing. Black and Galvanized. Cor. Broad and Yates St., Victoria, B. C., P. O. Box 86.

ARTHUR KEAST, Deputy Registrar of Supreme Court.

del6-2w

del6-2w

CAPE ULSTERS

AND OVERCOATS

—IN—

Men's, Youth's, Boys and Children's.

The Largest and Finest Assortment in the City. Every Coat a Bargain.

W. J. JEFFREE

40 YATES STREET.

LAMPS. LAMPS. LAMPS.

JUST ARRIVED!

A Large Assortment of Library and Table Lamps in the Popular Bisque finish. Moderate in price. Incomparable in richness of appearance.

UMBRELLA-LAMP-SHADES

All sizes, in Silk, Lace and Linen. The rage is for these Shades.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

Four carloads of Newest Styles recently and just to hand. Elegant Goods.

JOHN WEILER, 51 TO 55 FORT ST.

\$7.00 - PANTS - \$7.00

D. CAMPBELL & CO.'S, - Near the Post Office.

Everything in season always in Stock

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MANCHESTER HOUSE.

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del6-2w

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AMUSEMENTS.

AGRICULTURAL BALL!

A GRAND BALL will be held in the

AGRICULTURAL HALL, SOUTH STANION.

ON DECEMBER 19TH,

by the North and South Saanich Agricultural Society. Tickets for gentlemen and ladies, \$2. Refreshments will be provided by the ladies of the Committee.

de5-dw-td

THE B. C.

Poultry, Dog and Pet

STOCK ASSOCIATION

THIRD ANNUAL EXHIBITION

PHILHARMONIC HALL!

VICTORIA, B. C., December 18, 19 and 20.

SHARP BUTTERFIELD, ESQ.

OF WINDSOR, ONT., is coming to score the exhibits.

Exhibits from a distance may be sent care of Secretary.

Prize Lists with information free on application. Admission 25 cents. Children under 12 years, 15 cents.

R. P. McLENNAN, Secretary.

NOTICE.

Port Angeles, Wash.

The Taxes are now due on Clallam Co. property, and will become delinquent Jan. 1st. 1891, when 10 per cent. costs and interest will be added thereto.

FRANK CHAMBERS, Co. Treasurer.

Bargains in Clothing

UNDERCLOTHING.

Being about to retire from business, my entire stock of Clothing and Underwear, Hats, &c., are selling at 30 per cent. below the usual price.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, the well-known stand situated at 14 Yates st. Unless you have ample means do not apply.

LEWIS LEWIS.

JUST ARRIVED!

NEW MILLINERY.

PARISIAN NOVELTIES

In Birds, Wings, Velvete and Torte Velvet Ribbons in new colors.

The very latest styles in Pattern Hats and Bonnets.

FASCINATORS, WOOLEN GOODS, Etc.

CHENILLE BONNETS

In Styles just introduced in Paris.

MRS. WHITLAW'S, Fort St.

no19-1m

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO

Auctioneers,

will sell at the

SALESROOM, WHARF STREET,

—ON—

MONDAY, DEC. 22,

AT 11 O'CLOCK A.M

LOCAL AND PROVINCIAL.

Communication Cut Off.

Yesterday the wires went down in all directions, and communication between Victoria and all outside points by telegraph was completely cut off.

B. C. Pottery and Terra Cotta Co. Limited.

Owing to impending extensive alterations and improvements at the works, it is necessary to reduce the stock. All sizes of sewer pipe will, in consequence, be sold at special rates during the next thirty days, for prompt delivery.

An Eastern Mail.

The steamer Islander did not arrive from Vancouver till after 11 o'clock last night, having waited at Vancouver till 5 p.m. for the train from the East. The steamer brought over 20 bags of mail for Victoria, and had a rough trip across, several of the passengers feeling its effects.

A Week's Engagement.

Arrangements have been made for the appearance of the Linden Concert company at Philharmonic hall, every evening during the Christmas week. The entertainment consists of solo and concerted music, musical specialties and dancing. The engagement opens on Monday evening next.

Will Race Home.

The two salmon ships, Menck and Brodick Bay are expected to start for home almost together on Friday morning, well prepared for a keen race across the ocean. Coming out the Menck made the trip in two days less than her rival, but the captain of the Bay says he will make up for it on the homeward run.

The Menck's Visit.

The British bark Menck consigned to Turner, Beeton & Co. of this city and loaded by that firm, commenced discharging her 1,100 tons of general merchandise on Monday, November 18th, and loaded again with about the same weight in salmon. She was towed out of harbor at 11 a.m. yesterday and is now ready to sail.

Christmas Tree and Entertainment.

The teachers of the Victoria West Presbyterian Sabbath school are sparing no effort to make the first entertainment and Christmas tree, in the hall, Craigflower road, on Friday evening next at 7:30 o'clock, not only enjoyable to the children, but also deserving of a visit and encouragement by parents and friends. An admission fee of 25 cents will be charged, to be devoted to the purchase of a library.

Useful Information.

Intending purchasers of dry goods will do well to remember that Messrs. Shears & Page, of the Victoria House, Government Street, are retiring from business, and are closing out their entire stock regardless of cost. S. & P. will not refuse any reasonable offer for the balance of their stock of blankets, quilts, linens, dress materials, silks, velvets, hosiery, gloves, ribbons, mantles, millinery, etc.

Williams' Directory, 1891.

We have seen a copy of Williams' new work, which is now completed and will be delivered to subscribers within a week. It is by far the finest directory ever issued for this province. The sides are worked in gilt, which is a very pretty feature of the general appearance of the binding. The work contains more pages than any former directory, and shows conclusively the progress of the province is making. Every resident should subscribe for this book, which is both ornamental and useful.

Flowers for Christmas.

A flower festival will be given by the ladies of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, on Monday evening, Dec. 22, in Temperance hall. Many beautiful flowers have been prepared by the delicate hands of the young ladies, flowers which will not fade and are very suitable for decoration just at this season. In addition to the flowers a very choice programme has been prepared, in which some good local talent will take part. Refreshments will also be served. Chair to be taken at 8 o'clock. Admission 25 cents.

Election of Officers.

At a regular communication of Vancouver Quaker Lodge No. 2, A.F. & A.M., held last evening, the following brethren were elected for the ensuing year: J. E. Phillips, W.M.; D. Wilson, S.W.; A. B. Erskine, J.W.; J. F. Becker, Treasurer, (re-elected 16 times); R. A. Brown, Secretary (re-elected); W. Trickey, Tyler (re-elected ten times). The installation will take place on the 27th inst., St. John's Day, when the members of the Victoria Columbia Lodge and sojourning brethren in good standing are cordially invited to be present.

Coming to Victoria.

Still another purchase to swell the Victoria sailing fleet has been recently made at Halifax, it is understood by Mr. Walter Borne. The schooner bought is the Otto, a trim little 86 ton Lunenburg boat. She is only one year old and was built at Mahone Bay for Mr. A. Chisholm. Her dimensions are: length, 71 feet three inches; breadth of beam, 23 feet five inches; depth of hold, nine feet two inches. It is understood that she will sail for Victoria from Halifax this week, and leave for the hunting grounds with the other schooners in the spring.

Dolls, One Cent.

Dolls, five cents.
Dolls, fifteen cents.
Dolls, twenty-five cents.
Dolls, thirty-five cents.
Dolls, forty cents.
Dolls, fifty cents.
Dolls, seventy-five cents.
Dolls, one dollar.
Dolls, one dollar and fifty cents.
Dolls, two dollars.
Rag dolls.
Kid body dolls.
Wax dolls.
Indestructible dolls.
China limb dolls.
Dolls of all kinds at half-price.
Russell, McDonald & Co., opposite Iron church, Douglas street.

Death's Unexpected Visit.

The news that Mrs. Charles Wilson was lying dead at St. Joseph's hospital was received by the many friends of that lady and her husband, yesterday morning, almost with incredulity. It seemed so short a time since she had been up and about, making her home and her friends happy, that the report seemed past belief. It was, however, only too true. Mrs. Wilson had been in failing health for some time past, and her medical advisers finally decided that, as a last resort, a difficult surgical operation should be performed. Without this recovery was impossible and so the patient was removed to St. Joseph's hospital and the operation performed on Saturday. After it was over, Mrs. Wilson seemed to do well, but the rallying of nature's forces was only temporary, and

death occurred yesterday morning. The deceased was well-known and extremely popular among a large circle of acquaintances, by whom her death will be felt as a personal loss. She was at the time of her decease about 31 years of age, an affectionate wife and the mother of two children.

Y. M. C. A. Social.

The fortnightly social of the Y.M.C.A. was held last evening in the association room, every seat being filled. Among those who contributed to make the evening pass very pleasantly were Miss Brady, Miss Piddell, Miss Higgins, Messrs. Twiss, Roper, Boyd and Fraser.

Coming to Victoria.

Steamship City of Puebla, due to-night from San Francisco, has on board the following Victoria passengers: Fannie Dixon, A. G. King, William Miles, Mrs. John Patterson, Charles E. Rome, W. E. Carter, Mr. Lapine, D. S. McLeod, A. Bond, W. McGirrle.

Open To-Day.

The great dog, pet and poultry show for which fanciers all over the province have been preparing for months past, opens in Philharmonic Hall at 1 o'clock to-day. There are about 500 entries now on the scene and the show includes dogs and pets of every class and description. It will well repay a visit.

Police Notes.

Alex. Davison, who had neglected to leave town on 24 hours' notice, was informed that he could stay behind the bars for one month at the police court yesterday morning. An unfortunate named John Henry, who gave himself up to the police for securing lodging for a few days, was accommodated for a month—with hard labor thrown in. A juvenile drunk, a boy only 17 years of age, pleaded guilty but escaped punishment on promising not to appear on a similar charge again. The man who sold him the liquor will be prosecuted. A couple of other minor cases were "laid over."

Is It a Fake?

Mr. John Turner yesterday morning received an anonymous communication signed "One to whom you were once a friend," in which the writer advises that the new Turner block be protected from the lugs at night. The letter had been handed over to the police who are inclined to regard it as a fake. It was dated Victoria under the cover, but the envelope bore a Seattle postmark and American stamp. Had the writer been, as he claims, a friend of Mr. Turner's and possessed of information in regard to the contemplated destruction of that gentleman's property, he would have shown his friendship in a more definite way than by writing an anonymous letter.

Henderson's Directory.

Henderson's British Columbia Gazetteer and Directory for 1891 was issued to Victoria subscribers yesterday. It is a substantial well-bound book of 777 pages, containing street and alphabetical directories of the cities of Victoria, Vancouver, Westminster and Nanaimo. The populations of the four cities are estimated as follows: Victoria, 22,586; Vancouver, 15,522; Westminster, 10,001; Nanaimo, 5,601. The publishers make a specialty of the directory containing the new numbers in all the houses in the four cities, now appearing in print for the first time. The names are all alphabetically arranged, and the book bears evidence that considerable care has been exercised in its compilation.

LAST NIGHT'S PERFORMANCE.

A Splendid Amateur Entertainment at The Victoria.

In spite of the inclement weather a large house greeted the amateurs at The Victoria, last night. The opening piece, "The College Garden," from Rob Roy, was a surprise to the audience. Mr. J. S. Smith excelled himself in the character of Rob Roy, and was well sustained by Messrs. Hay, Laing and Nolan in their respective parts as "Rashleigh," "Francis" and "Jobson." During the intermission Messrs. Agnew and Short played several choice instrumental duets on the guitar and harmonium. The entertainment included the two act melo-drama "Robert Macaire," Mrs. Hunter took the part of "Marie," and was accorded well-merited applause. The lady fairly excelled herself in the difficult part. Miss Emma Kelly, as "Clementine," sustained the difficult part in a most commendable manner. The young lady was accorded several encores, which were well deserved. The villain of the piece, "Robert Macaire," was taken by Mr. Frank Schell, one of the best amateurs in this city. In the dying scene, he fairly captivated the audience. Sergt. Mellon, in the character of "Jacques Strup," was, as usual, a thorough comedian, and made several hits, which brought down the house. Mr. F. H. Lang took the part of Pierre, and was at home in it. George Tribe had a most important role, and was as good as any professional. "Sergt. Lumpy" appeared in the person of D. Gallant, and made a good French officer. D. Nolan, as "Louis," W. E. Agnew as "Commerill," carried out their parts to perfection. Among the ladies taking part in the entertainment were: Miss Van Volkenburgh, Miss Drouin, Misses Powell, Miss Dolan, Miss Baines, Miss Smith and Miss McNeill. In the Maypole scene, the charming young villagers danced merrily on the village green. Messrs. W. H. Harris, J. Johnson, M. Robinson, Thos. Schell, J. Adderton, and J. Elliott took the parts of *gens d'armes* and villagers. The musical portion of the programme was ably attended to by Prof. Pierdure.

QUESTION?

To THE EDITOR:—Are the Episcopalians, Roman Catholics and Jewish residents of the city satisfied with the statement Mayor Grant made at the meeting in the City Hall last evening, to the effect that they never heard from in objection to the existing state of the social evil in this community? ENQUIRER.

Case After Case of New Books Opened To-day.

If the public, who favored us with their presence during the last few weeks, have been impressed with the large stock of juvenile and gift books to be found extending almost the full length of our store, we are satisfied that when they again pay us a visit they will recognize the fact that 1890 finds T. N. Hibben & Co. better prepared to do the Christmas trade than ever before.

Something New in Art.

Jos. Somers has received a new stock of latest pictures and mounting, suitable for Christmas presents. Call in time to secure bargains, 50 Government street.

Calling! Calling!

Visiting cards engraved at low rates at The Colonist office.

SCOTT VS. SCOTT.

A Divorce Granted the Petitioner with \$1,250 Damages from the Co-Respondent.

The petition of Thomas R. Scott, a carpenter of this city, for a divorce from his wife, Elizabeth Scott, the respondent, and \$2,500 damages from John McCartney, the co-respondent, was before the Superior court last yesterday, and resulted in a verdict for the petitioner with half the damages asked in the pleading. Mr. Justice Drake occupied the bench, and the case was tried by the following special jury: Wm. Dalby (foreman), James Muirhead, M. T. Johnson, Geo. H. Maynard, Thos. H. Tye, Jno. Turner, Joshua Holland and J. C. Devlin. Mr. S. P. Mills appeared for the petitioner, and Mr. W. J. Taylor (Elberts & Taylor) for the co-respondent; the respondent was not present in person nor represented by counsel.

The evidence, as presented by the petitioner's solicitor, showed that Scott had married one Elizabeth Anderson, the respondent, at Hamilton, Ont., on April 2, 1873, and the result of the union had been a family of four—three boys and one girl. Thinking to better his condition, Scott with his family came westward a few years ago, and after spending some time in Port Townsend, took up his residence in Victoria some 13 or 14 months since. Mrs. Scott, during all their previous married life, had taken care of the home and children, as the petitioner expressed it, "as well as a woman could." After they had been here a few months the husband noticed that his wife was developing an appetite for strong drink—though where she obtained the liquor he did not know—which soon became uncontrollable. For two weeks before the quarrel preceding the separation, the wife is said to have been under the influence of intoxicants every day, and the home and children were neglected. Naturally angered, the husband remonstrated in perhaps ill-advised words, the quarrel followed, and the wife left the house. Two or three weeks ensued, in which the husband made no search for her, not knowing either whether she had any money or means of support. He did not seek any explanation, or see her when she returned to the house to remove some of her things. Then Mrs. Carley, a sister of the co-respondent J. McCartney, came to him and told him that she wished he would take Mrs. Scott away from her brother's house, the Leland, as they were violating all rules of decency. He refused to believe her, but on investigation was convinced in his own mind of his wife's infidelity. Even then he made no effort to see her, or her paramour, but visited Mr. S. P. Mills and retained his services to assist him in procuring evidence sufficient to procure a divorce. Together they saw Mrs. Scott, one night in October at the house of a friend on Fort Street, drinking beer with two others and McCartney. Their movements were observed and their conversation overheard through a side window protected only by lace curtains. Policeman Smith's services were enlisted, and he, too, saw Mrs. Scott and McCartney through the window. They came out of the house about 10:30 and Scott and the policeman followed them down Blanchard street to Johnson, where Mrs. Scott was rooming. They saw the two enter the house, tried the door and found it locked. Scott and Mr. Mill's law student then watched the door all night and saw that McCartney did not come out, and in the morning he was seen in her room with her husband and the police officer. This comprised the case, and the address of the petitioner's counsel consisted in a recitation of the various points in evidence and the citing of authorities and precedents.

Mr. Taylor, for the co-respondent, moved for a non-suit on the grounds that there was not sufficient proof of Scott's marriage, or that the person referred to as Mrs. Scott was the same person Scott was married to in Hamilton; that inasmuch as the alleged adultery took place after Scott and his wife had separated and had been separated for over two months, the petitioner was not entitled to claim damages against McCartney for the loss of the society and comfort of his wife, such loss being the gist of a claim for damages against a co-respondent, and that the Court had no jurisdiction in divorce matters, the British North America Act assigning to the federal government the right to legislate in all matters pertaining to divorce, and this case being founded on a provincial act, his lordship had no authority to entertain the matter. His Lordship stated the question of jurisdiction had been settled by two judges of the Supreme Court, and he felt bound to follow their decision; he thought the marriage was sufficiently proved and the point of the adultery subsequent to the separation was a question affecting the amount of damages, the loss of the society and comfort of the wife being the basis of the claim. Mr. Taylor stated he intended to rest his case on the law questions submitted, as he felt confident of the ultimate result, and did not intend to go into a defence. Mr. Mills then addressed the jury, going over the grounds stated in his opening remarks. Following Mr. Mills, for the co-respondent, Mr. Taylor claimed that as the husband had quarrelled with his wife, turned her out of his home, among strangers, far from home, with no means of support, and had never endeavored to procure her return; in fact, had stated that he did not want her, he had virtually cast her adrift to shift for herself as best she could, and was not now entitled to damages for the loss of her society, which he had so freely and voluntarily relinquished. Instead of trying to protect her so that she might be an ornament to his name, he had done everything in his power to degrade and lower her. He had not tried to prevent her going wrong, but had practically connived at it, so that his hiring witnesses might obtain evidence enough for a divorce and damages. He also commented on the peculiar method of educating law students adopted by the petitioner's counsel, in setting them to watch weak women at night. The Court summed up tersely, and left the case in the hands of the jury, at 3:30, and the verdict was returned in about half an hour.

RAIN, WIND AND SNOW.

The Louise Returns from Her Special Trip North—A Promising Coal Find.

A few weeks ago the steamer Princess Louise was chartered by Messrs. Findlay, Durham & Brodie to make a special trip to River's Inlet for a salmon cargo. She returned yesterday, having been detained two days by rough weather, heavy rains and snow storms having furnished the only break in the monotony of southerly gales. For two days and nights the steamer was obliged to lie at anchor in Safety Cove, but she reached port without the slightest loss or accident.

The cargo down comprised 6,000 cases, all from River's Inlet for F. D. & B., the greater part of which is being discharged into the Broad Bay to enable her to sail tomorrow. Among the passengers were S. A. Spencer, J. Murcheson, D. Vessell, P. Wootton, A. Engwick and Charles Gabriel. The last-mentioned gentleman has been exploring and prospecting on Tumbo Island, where he was successful in locating a 15-foot seam of coal, whose excellent quality is shown by the samples brought down.

LITTLE LOCALS.

The Kingston's cargo last night consisted of a carload of flour and one of pipes. Children's tea sets at Cheapside. Cheapest line of Christmas Goods and Toys at L. A. Lunn's, 113 Fort street. de2-1m Table cutlery, bread plates, table m. ts, at Fox's, 78 Government street. d11-1m A fine lot of jumps at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street. Heating stoves at McLennan & McFeely's, 70 Yates street. The body of the missing man Charles McLaughlin has not yet been recovered. The North Pacific last evening brought over 615 cases oil and a carload of smoked meats. See the 300 candle power and other lamps at R. A. Brown & Co's, Douglas street. Call and see the fine line of razors and shaving materials at Fox's, 78 Government street. d14-1m Handsome glass tableware, just opened at R. A. Brown & Co's, Douglas street. Mr. S. Gintzburger, for many years with H. L. Salmon, the tobacconist, has gone to Vancouver and established himself as proprietor of the Ideal grocery on Cordova street.

The first assistant engineer of the steamer Montserrat has been arrested at San Francisco for smuggling ashore \$200 worth of opium. The Montserrat had arrived from Nanaimo on Monday night. Last ladies' companions, razor cases, suitable for presents, at Fox's, 78 Government street. d11-1m Xmas Numbers Sporting and Dramatic and Ladies' Pictorial for sale by T. N. Hibben & Co. Carving sets and hanging lamps at Cheapside. Last night a number of sportsmen, comprising the team of Captain Otto Weiler and Captain William White, dined together at the Grand Pacific hotel, as the outcome of a match which recently took place and was won by Captain White's team. Songs, recitations and speeches were the order of the evening. It was determined to form a gun club. The occasion was a most pleasant one.

Besides the free Colonist sleeping cars, the C. P. R. are now running specially fitted family apartment cars from Vancouver to Montreal and points east and south, every Saturday. Also, upholstered tourist sleeping cars to St. Paul and points south and east every Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday. These cars are in charge of a competent porter. For further particulars apply to Allan Cameron, agent.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. B. Z. Holmes, of Portland, Or., is spending the holidays with her mother, Mrs. Allan Francis, of this city. W. S. Chambers arrived home by the Kingston last evening.

T. W. Lee, general passenger agent of Union Pacific, arrived over by the North Pacific last night.

E. H. Eletcher, post office inspector; Dr. E. Hall, A. Ewen and Capt. Urquhart were among the Islander's passengers from the Mainland last night.

Ernest H. Roome, of the Bank of B. C. in this city, went over to Vancouver on Tuesday morning to take a position in the Bank of B. C. at that place.

Mayor Oppenheimer, of Vancouver, arrived over by the Islander last night.

A. Gilmore and A. G. McCandless returned from Vancouver last night.

H. H. Dearborn, a leading capitalist of Seattle, who has been stopping at the Driard for the past week, went home by the City of Kingston last evening.

G. B. Wright, who has been sitting on the mining commission in this city, received news last evening that Mrs. Wright was seriously ill of pneumonia at Tacoma, and left at once for that city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAMPBELL'S WORD COMPETITION.
GIVEN \$225 AWAY

To Persons forming the Largest List of words from the three words,

"Braden's Cough Cure"

Braden's Cough Cure, the Great English Cough Remedy (manufactured solely by D. E. Campbell), is an old English compound of several ingredients combined with the active principle of grindeia robusta, making it one of the best, if not the best, cough remedies now offered to the public for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Whooping Cough and Croup. If you have a cold try a bottle; the use of one bottle will convince the most skeptical. We have sold thousands of bottles in this Province on its own merits, and knowing it to be A GOOD THING, we take the following method of advertising it and making it as familiar an article in the household as a comb and brush. We offer 10 Handsome Prizes to be competed for, aggregating in value \$225, by persons sending the largest number of English words constructed from the letters contained in the words, "BRADEN'S COUGH CURE":

LIST OF PRIZES.

1st Prize, 1 Lady's Gold Watch (14k. guaranteed) and Chain (18k.), value.....	\$75.00
2nd Prize, 1 Gold Necklace and Locket.....	40.00
3rd " 1 Diamond Bracelet.....	30.00
4th " 1 Boy's Silver Watch and Chain.....	25.00
5th " 1 Handsome China Figured Tea Set.....	11.00
6th " 1 Handsome Manicure Set.....	10.00
7th " 1 Handsome Moss Rose Tea Set.....	9.00
8th " 1 Handsome Oak Leaf Tea Set.....	9.00
9th " 1 Handsome Manicure Set.....	8.50
10th " 1 Handsome Lamp.....	6.50

Every person purchasing 50c. worth of goods will receive a card containing full directions regulating the competition, which will entitle the holder to compete.

Campbell's Invisible Rose Leaf Face Powder.

Adheres smoothly to the skin and gives to it the velvety softness and bloom of youth. Warms and absolutely free from lead, arsenic and other poisonous substances which enter into the composition of all cheap preparations. We have exercised the greatest care in the production of this little toilet requisite and recommend it as a perfectly harmless Complexion Powder. Price 50c. per box.

CAMPBELL'S ESS. BOUQUET HANDKERCHIEF PERFUME

Price 50c. per bottle. Sells in preference to all others. Ask for sample.

To meet the convenience of physicians and the public our Drug Store will be kept open until 2 a.m. every night. A properly qualified dispenser will be in attendance. Prizes can be seen on exhibition at the Drug Store.

D. E. CAMPBELL,
Dispensing Chemist, cor. Fort and Douglas Streets
P O BOX 260. TELEPHONE 135. de18-1m

SPENCER'S ARCADE.

CARPET DEPARTMENT.

Large stock of Brussels, Wilton and Tapestry Carpets with Borders. Heavy Chenille Portiers and Lace Curtains in art shades. Rugs, Mats and Squa are in all sizes. Newest designs in Linoleums.

Carpets and Squares made to order in this department. For the Holidays a special discount will be given of Ten per cent. If you want anything

For Xmas Gifts, Call at the Arcade.

Store will be kept open for the convenience of the public till 9 p.m., commencing Thursday Dec. 18.

D. SPENCER, GOVERNMENT ST.

FOR WINTER WEAR

Genuine Scotch Tweed Suits, Overcoats, Hats, Caps, Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Neckwear, Silk Hdkfs., Superior Umbrellas.

W. & J. WILSON,

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

T. G. RAYNER, REAL ESTATE AND FINANCIAL BROKER

CITY LOTS. ACRE LOTS, WATER FRONT LOTS IN VICTORIA WEST, FOWL BAY AND WEST BAY, And a Complete List of First-Class Properties to Suit Investors.

WANTED—Situation as hotel, or other hotel or private house, by unmarried Eastern lady of experience; highest recommendations and best of references. Address Colonist office. de14-1m

WANTED—Good female cook, willing to make herself generally useful; wages in family; highest wages paid. Mrs. Wilson, cor. Vancouver and Fort streets. de12-3t

WANTED—Office boy. Apply to Jno. A. Andrews, 39 Langley street. de12-3t

WANTED—A lady three miles out in the country wants to take charge of a baby, or one or two small children will find a healthy and comfortable home. Address J. A. W. Colonist office. d10-6t

WANTED—A girl to do light house work. Apply Mrs. Meldrum, Saanich Road. d10-6t

WANTED—Six first-class salesmen, will pay part salary and commission. Apply at the Singer Manufacturing Co., office Broad St. no25-1f

WANTED—A Housekeeper on a small farm, close to the city. Apply Mrs. Cullum, 10 Vancouver street. no22-

DRUGGIST—Five years experience; of ready habits. Graduate of College of Pharmacy. Address "Drugs," 111 Cook street, 1017, B.C. de5-3w-wat

FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE—small paying business at 58 Fort street, to be disposed of cheap. d16w

FOR SALE—Devonshire field spaniel bitch, brought from England; well bred; was very good for pheasants; an excellent retriever. Agent, Colonel Mathew, Somerset. de14-3t

TO RENT—Furnished front room, with bay window, on Pandora street, with "Z" Colonist office. no26-1m

FOR SALE—A good new milch cow. Apply Mrs. Shaw, Old Esquimalt Road. d7-2w

FOR SALE—A five-roomed house and lot, Apply at 21 Caledonia Avenue, between 10 a.m. and 5 p.m. d7-2w

TO LET—Neatly furnished front room with J. sale, with all the latest improvements, good for pheasants; an excellent retriever. Agent, Colonel Mathew, Somerset. de14-3t

CABINET GRAND, NEW PIANO FOR cheap. Apply at 61 Government street, up stairs. Room 1. no23-1f

TO LET—Two large rooms, suitable for storage, rooms or workshops, apply at the Portland stables, 30 Johnson street. no19-1f

TO LET—Two large rooms, furnished or unfurnished, in large house, elegantly situated in its own grounds, off Cadboro Bay Road. Stalling if required. Apply "X," Box 236, 5-1m

House and Lots on Kane st.

A comfortable two-story House with 11 rooms, bath, and out-houses completely furnished, with all the latest improvements, to be let. For further particulars apply to JACOB SEHL, Government st. n21

NEW WELLINGTON COAL AND WOOD

For sale, Office 121 Government St. Telephone call No. 39. se2 T. J. LINDSAY

SPALLUMCHEEN, B. C.

A Valuable Farm For Sale, Consisting of 40 acres of the finest land in the district, with a hundred and eighty acres are ready for the plow. The farm is well watered; all under fence, and within two miles of the railway. Flooring mill. The farm is suitable for grain, stock and dairying. Apply to no21-m JOHN HARLAND, Esq., Esq.

FARM FOR SALE.

132 Acres of Farming Land ON HORNEY ISLAND,

Three-quarters of a mile from Gov't wharf

Title - Crown Grant, including all Minerals.

Good building stone on the property. The property is situated in the centre of the Great Coal Basin of Comox. For further particulars apply to owner.

no25-1m GEORGE FORD, Hornby Island.

A. M. SWEATMAN, First-class certified Ladies Nurse, from Queen Charlotte's Hospital, 13 Yates street. de15-1m

NOTICE.

Gas Coke reduced from 50c to 25c. per bbl., or \$4 per ton cash. Cheapest and cleanest fuel in the market. No soot or smoke. For sale at the Gas Works Yard By order,

C. W. R. THOMSON, Sec'y Victoria Gas Co., Ltd. de15-6t

TINESIDERS TAKE NOTICE.

NATIVES and former residents of the Tynesiders are requested to communicate with the undersigned, either personally or by letter, to consider the giving of a banquet on the 20th of December, in connection with the acquisition may be formed, and good fellowship promoted.

J. W. MELDRUM, P.O. Box 137. d9-1w Saanich Road.

The Clarence Hotel!

COR. DOUGLAS AND YATES STS., VICTORIA, B.C.

Owing to the continued illness of the proprietor, Mr. W. C. Anderson, the furniture, fixtures and good-will of the above hotel are for sale, together with the lease (10 years from 30th October last). The situation of the hotel is the finest in Victoria. The hotel is complete in every respect; it has large and small dining rooms, parlour and 63 bedrooms; large reading room and billiard room, and a bar with costly fixtures. For further particulars apply to Mr. W. C. Anderson, The Clarence Hotel, or to his solicitor, Mr. S. Perry Mills. d7-1m

JOHN WINGER, Premier Skin & Fur Dresser. FINE FURS A SPECIALTY. OLD FURS REDRESSED. 47 Quadra St. Your Favors Solicited. se7

YE ANCIENT MILLER.

He Grinds and Saws in the Tenth Decade of His Life.

His Whole Life Spent on the Banks of South Elkhorn Creek, Ky., Where His Father Built a Flour and Saw-Mill—The Old Man's Career.

On the banks of the picturesque South Elkhorn creek, seven miles west of Lexington, Ky., there lives perhaps the oldest miller in active service in the United States. His name is Robert Ryman and for seventy-four years he has tended the saw and grist-mill that his father Jacob Ryman built there ninety-four years ago. A recent visit to this mill found the venerable owner in charge. He is ninety-one years old, about five feet eight inches high, and will weigh 120 pounds; he is cleanly shaven; his eyes are deep blue and he uses no glasses; his hair is light brown in color and rather thin; he is slightly stooped, but by his lively manner one would not think him more than seventy years old. His head is about the medium size, and while not an ideal one would be considered phenologically as belonging to a man of more than usual intellect. His movements are quick, and in going up and down the steps of his mill he shows as much agility as a man of forty. He can handle a two-bushel sack of wheat or corn with apparent ease. His mill is a dilapidated, moss-covered frame structure, about forty feet long and twenty feet wide. It contains a set of burrs, bolting cloth, elevators, etc., for making flour, and another set for grinding corn-meal. It has three floors, the ceilings being extremely low. The wheel that sets the machinery in motion is eleven feet in diameter, and is what is known as a "breast" wheel, the water striking it just below the center.

On the north side of the grist-mill are the ruins of the saw-mill. The saw used was an upright and the process of cutting lumber with it was necessarily slow.

"My father, Jacob Ryman, came to Kentucky from Pennsylvania about 1796, and bought the old mill property here," said Robert Ryman. "There was a common 'tab' mill here and my father tore it down and rebuilt it with the house you see before you. That was three years before I was born. Father did a big business, both in grinding wheat and corn and in sawing lumber. When I was five years old father died and the mill was leased until I was seventeen years old. I then took charge of it. We had only the seventy-five acres father bought and we were poor. Emigration to Kentucky was then at its height, and I made considerable money by sawing lumber. Nearly all the older houses in this section were built with lumber sawed by me. I worked day and night for many winters, and was thus enabled to buy 150 acres of land adjoining our little farm. I then set to work to buy negroes to till the land, and before emancipation I owned six men and four women. I made money farming, but the negroes I found a costly luxury, and I am better off without them. I was too young to enlist in the war of 1812 and when the Mexican war came there were so many younger men anxious to go that I did not desert my mill. Of course I was too old to serve in the war of the rebellion, but I was a strong Southern sympathizer and was sorry to see the South lose the day. My only experience with the soldiers of the rebellion was in the horse line. A Confederate soldier left a worn-out horse on my farm and took my best saddle horse away with him. I fed his cast-off animal and just as I got him nice and fat a Federal soldier came along and pressed him into service. My mill was not disturbed by the soldiers, and I continued to make flour and meal all the time the war was going on. I have done so ever since. I grind corn for the neighbors now, and make the flour we use at home; besides, many of our neighbors like the flour this old mill grinds better than they do the bread-stuff that comes from these new-fangled roller-mills. My father used to ship his flour in barrels to New Orleans and all river towns. Here is the brand he used on the heads of the barrels. You will see it reads: 'J. Ryman, No. 196, Burr.' In those days 'burr' flour was scarce. Father paid \$500 for the first set of French burrs he put in and they were the envy of all the millers in this part of the State.

"I was married when twenty-six years old and my first wife presented me with three children. I am now living with my third wife, and have three children living. I have twenty-two grandchildren and ten great-grandchildren. I have had only one spell of sickness in my life; have used tobacco (chewing) since I was five years old. I have eaten breakfast every morning for the last eighty years at five o'clock, dinner at twelve and supper at six. I drink coffee for breakfast, milk for dinner and tea for supper. I have worked hard ever since I was twelve years old, and I do not think hard work ever killed a man or made one crazy. It is something else. I have always had the faculty of leaving my business behind me when my day's work was done. In this way I have been a good sleeper. Sleep is the only thing that will restore a tired man, and I think the young men who die so suddenly now do not die from overwork, but from the loss of sleep."

Puss Treats a Sick Chicken.

At a farm in the district of Forest Hill, Eng., one of a brood of chickens was lame. Unable to follow the hen in search of food it was soon half-starved. The chick was recently missed, and next day was found lying with three kittens, the mother of which gave the fledgling every attention. Every day the cat has carried the bird in its mouth into the farm-yard, where it has obtained food, and as regularly conveyed it in the same manner back to lie with the kittens. Through the care of puss the injured limb is growing stronger and the chicken is thriving. The conduct of the cat has been a matter of great interest to the inhabitants of the farm, who have carefully watched puss in all her proceedings.

E. M. JOHNSON,

ESTABLISHED 1879.

REAL ESTATE AGENT, CONVEYANCER AND NOTARY PUBLIC

OFFICE: No. 37 GOVERNMENT STREET.

PROPERTY AND ESTATE VALUATIONS MADE.

MONEY to lend on Freehold Security at Current Rates
RENTS AND INTEREST punctually collected and accounted for.

CONVEYANCES, Leases, Mortgages prepared and transactions of every nature in connection with Real Estate expeditiously carried out.

PROPERTY SALES effected strictly on Commission.

FOR SALE, Mansion and Ornamental Grounds, with sea view and frontage to the Straits. Ample stabling and all modern conveniences. This is one of the handsomest and most beautifully situated houses in Victoria. PRICE, \$30,000.

FOR SALE, 60 acres, more or less, of Suburban Land, within 15 minutes drive by Electric Car, from Government Street. PRICE, \$625 PER ACRE. This estate offers good opportunity for subdivision into lots. Acreage in the vicinity is selling at from \$1,500 to \$3,000 per acre. Lots of average size, 60x120 each, selling from \$400 upwards. One of the few bargains left.

FOR SALE, Suburban Sea-side Estate, about 35 acres, with house, garden, orchard, stabling and all conveniences for a gentleman's residence, within easy distance of town, say 20 minutes' drive from the Post Office. Rapidly increasing neighborhood. Land near has sold lately for \$2,000 per acre. PRICE, \$35,000.

FOR SALE, Block on Government Street, in the vicinity of New Hotel. This property will increase from 30 per cent. to 50 per cent. in value within the next two years. Good buildings on the property which may be made to return a fair present interest on outlay. Contemplated improvements to James Bay will also raise values in this vicinity. PRICE, \$45,000.

FOR SALE, Corner lot on Government Street. First class Business property. A building on this property would pay handsomely. PRICE, \$50,000.

FOR SALE, Business Building Lot on Government Street, near Bank of British Columbia. Let at present for \$600 per annum. Frontage, 22½ feet. Land in the vicinity held at \$1,000 per foot. PRICE, \$15,500.

FOR SALE.

8-Room House and Lots, Spring Ridge.....	\$ 2,500
Double Frontage, Superior and Michigan Streets, James Bay, 30 feet on both streets, by more than town lot depth. Superior Building sites.....	1,500
7-Room House, new. Bath, hot and cold water, inside closets and modern improvement. Lot 50x120, James Bay.....	3,600
Corner Lot, Menzies and Niagara Streets.....	1,100
Esquimalt Road, desirable acre.....	3,500
Cheap Lot, Cloverdale Estate.....	850
Lot, Niagara and cross Street.....	900
Lot Niagara Street.....	800
2 Lots, South Turner Street.....	800
Building Lot, Kingston Street.....	1,150
13 Building Lots, en bloc, James Bay.....	10,400
2 Lots, Johnson Street, commanding position.....	2,100
6-Room House, bath, pantry, etc., etc., Victoria West.....	3,000
6 Acres, with water frontage to the Gorge. Beautiful site for a handsome residence.....	12,000
2 Lots, 60x240, double frontage, near the Mills and Factories.....	2,500
Corner Lot and a half, Quadra and Fisgard. Valuable cottage site.....	4,200
Acre Lot, Oak Bay Avenue and Richmond Road. Cheap. Will cut into 7 lots.....	2,000
Farm Lands in Lake, Saanich and Suburban Victoria Districts.	
Frontage on Cowichan Lake. Lands on Denman Island.	
Frontage on Burrard Inlet suitable for Mills and Wharves. And Acres on the North Arm of Burrard Inlet, etc., etc.	

For Further Particulars, Prices, Etc.,

—APPLY AT—

37 GOVERNMENT STREET CORNER OF BROUGHTON.

IMPORTANT SEWERAGE MATTERS.

TO THE EDITOR.—It has been remarked in a previous issue of this paper, that it is to be hoped, "a local firm may succeed in getting the contract for the Victoria sewers." This is indeed very desirable, and as our contractors and workmen are fully equal to those of any other country, and the work in question is what they are well acquainted with, being the ordinary blasting, rock, removal of earth, and proper laying of pipes under the direction of the engineer, no doubt all citizens would greatly prefer to see it done by our own people.

In connection with the work, however, there is one point that should be carefully watched by the workmen of Victoria. That is the employment, directly or indirectly, of Chinese labor. It is stated that the specifications allow the use of Green Island cement. This cement is said to be equal to, and cheaper than Portland cement, but it is not generally known to the public that it is imported from China, and is there made by the lowest coolie laborers. If, therefore, this cement should be used, it would in fact be bringing in Chinese labor to subvert the labor of white men, and the city might just as fairly employ Chinese labor in the sewerage works in our streets.

As to the question of the sewer pipes, that is a much more serious consideration. If the pipes are not perfect in every respect, it means the total failure in a few years of the whole system. It is undoubtedly, in all cases, desirable to encourage home manufacture and to use the home-made article if possible—that is, if you can be quite certain as to its suitability and quality; but there must be no speculation with public money in this direction. Before putting down the pipe there must be absolute certainty of its being able to stand all requirements. It would be far better and safer for the public health to have no sewers at all, than to make them of pipe that might fail.

But how can certainty about this be arrived at? It is very doubtful, indeed, if any tests that can be made to specimen pipes can be relied on to prove its durability or quality. The only certain test is that of experience. It is well known that the clay of some districts though capable of being made into good looking pipes, has at the same time some ingredient in its composition, or lacks some ingredient, so that no amount of care can produce a pipe from it that will stand use for years for sewerage.

At the same time it is well known that the pipes of some makers have been in use for a hundred years. There are plenty of instances of these pipes having been underground carrying sewerage, and being perfectly sound and unchanged after fifty years service. There are indeed instances in Victoria of these pipes being in use for such a purpose fifteen years or more, and being as perfect to-day as when put down. Undoubtedly this actual service is the only reliable test.

The sewerage committee have, therefore, a certainty before them. The question is are they inclined to speculate and experiment, and how far they would be right in doing so with the public sewerage funds. They must bear in mind that such experiments are expensive, and, in such a matter as the sewers of a city, may be very dangerous.

RATEPAYER.

IN CHAMBERS.

(Before Mr. J. de la Walkem.)

McDonald v. Robson.—To settle action out of court. Adjudged. Belyea & Gregory for plaintiff, Bodwell & Irving for defendant.

Harris & Douglas.—To strike out paragraphs 2, 5, 7 and 8 of plaintiff's reply. Evidence so amended, costs to be costs in the cause. Drake, Jackson & Helmecken for plaintiff, Bodwell & Irving for defendant.

Braden v. McIntosh.—For reference to the registrar under the Mechanic's Lien Act. Order granted. Mr. Mason for plaintiff, Eberts & Taylor for defendant.

Victoria Lumber & Mfg. Co. v. McIntosh.—Again Adjudged.

Ice Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. New England Bakery, No. 116 and 118 Government street. Telephone No. 161. Young Bros.

LYON & HEALY
STATE & MONROE STS., CHICAGO.
Will mail, free of charge, to any address, a complete list of all the latest styles of
Clothing of Men, Women, and Children.
Uniforms and Equipment, 400
Fine Illustrations describing every
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Cures Rheumatism.

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Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

FOR MEN ONLY!
A POSITIVE CURE FOR LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD;
General and NERVOUS DEBILITY;
Weakness of Body and Mind; Effects
of Errors or Excesses in Youth;
Loss of Vigor, Energy, and Power;
Loss of Blood, and all other ailments
connected with the Male System. How in Felars and
Strengthen Weak, Underdeveloped Organs. Particulars of
this unobtainable HOME TREATMENT—Benefits in a day.
Non-toxic from 47 States, Territories, and Foreign Countries.
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AVENGED AT LAST; Or, a World-Wide Chase.

A STORY OF RETRIBUTION

BY "WABASH."
[continued from 1890.]

CHAPTER XV.
It was a sad house when Mr. Wilcox's body was taken from it in a casket and carried to the New York Central Depot where it was placed on a train and conveyed to the New England village where he had expressed a desire to be buried. Mrs. Delaro and Armida accompanied the body, as also did Mr. Blodger, and as the last rites were administered that soft-hearted old gentleman wiped away big tears from his eyes with a flaring red silk handkerchief. He could hardly think it true that the close friend of his early days had been carried off so suddenly and it was with a sad heart that he turned his back on the grave. There was no ostentatious display; everything was simple as the honest old millionaire's life had been. He had but few friends during life whom he could call friends and three of them wept at his grave.

Hearing of his death a large number of his relations had presented themselves at his house in New York and commenced interferences which were boldly and decisively checked by Mrs. Delaro and the lawyers. Many of them were persons who treated the dead millionaire very badly before he migrated to California, but they had often endeavored to become more intimate with him in later years. These he had successfully kept at arms' length; nevertheless they rallied like carrion crows, filled with the fond hope that he had not forgotten his relations in his last hours, and all expected that their names would be found in the will in connection with fat legacies. Had they been mindful of the old proverb how much less severe would have been their disappointment.

In most cases they were ignored altogether and only a few of their names were mentioned in the will which was a few weeks later admitted to probate. To the astonishment of all, and more especially to the New England relatives, the bulk of Joel Wilcox's wealth including mining and railroad stocks representing enormous sums he bequeathed to Percy Lovel. To Mrs. Delaro he left nearly all his California estates and among them was the Posada vineyard which was now once more the property of the Delaros. To Armida he gave his beautiful mansion and grounds in the Sonoma valley, and the rest of his few bequests consisted of various sums left to charitable institutions and those of his relatives for whom he had still retained some regard. This, briefly, was the last will and testament of Joel Wilcox.

It was not until his body was laid to rest that Mrs. Delaro thoroughly comprehended how true and staunch a friend she had lost, and she now felt very much alone in the world. True, her daughter remained; but the stout hearts who had passed their word to assist her in every way to accomplish the purpose of her life had left her side and she had grave fears that her efforts might now fall short of her one cherished desire.

The house in which Mr. Wilcox had died soon became too dreary a place for Armida to be confined in and her mother noticed it. It would never do to see the healthy color leave those cheeks—a change must be sought, and that very soon. Yet something ought to be learned of Percy Lovel, thought Mrs. Delaro. What was to be learned came soon to hand, but it was eminently unsatisfactory.

The letter from the American Consul at Buenos Ayres merely stated that a gentleman traveling as Mr. Byron Huntly had appeared in that city, but his stay had been only a brief one. He had taken a trip into the interior, he said, and nothing had been heard from him since. But as such occurrences were not infrequent it had caused no serious investigations to be made, though should any other news come to hand the Consul promised to advise Mr. Wilcox.

This letter did not arrive until after Mr. Wilcox's death, and it troubled Mrs. Delaro not a little. She had heard that Mr. Emmerick was again in New York, and she had advised Mrs. Bregy of the fact, but had not seen that good woman since.

Some few weeks later another letter arrived from Buenos Ayres conveying the sad intelligence that the body of a man, dressed exactly as the supposed Mr. Huntly was known to have dressed, had been taken from the river a few miles below San Nicholas, the last place from whence tidings of the traveler had been received.

This communication was a great blow to Mrs. Delaro. What should she do now that she had no adviser left? And how should she complete the only purpose she acknowledged in her life? Then there was all that idle wealth of Percy's, left him by Mr. Wilcox—what would become of that? She finally felt that the thought of all that had happened within the past few months would be too much for her among such close associations and constant reminders of it, so she resolved to go away and seek in change of scenes at least a little repose. She would leave every thing in the lawyer's hands and go to Europe.

While these thoughts were passing through her mind Armida walked into the room where her mother was sitting and said that Mr. Blodger had just made a hurried visit and had been speaking of Mrs. Bregy. He had told her that it was almost impossible to get the Frenchwoman to leave New York, now that she knew that Mr. Emmerick, whom she still persisted in alluding to as her husband, was in town. She had avowed her intention of seeing him face to face, though her efforts up to the present had proved unsuccessful. To-day she had learned that he was down at his office very often far into the night, and she was determined to approach him and demand an interview that very evening.

But, fearing that some harm might befall her, Mr. Blodger had gone down to Mr. Emmerick's office to try and induce the mysterious merchant to give the woman a hearing and dispel her strange fancy. "I trust he will be successful," said Mrs. Delaro, quietly, "for it is better that the poor woman should know the truth."

As Mr. Blodger entered the office of Emmerick and Company, the surviving member of that firm sat in a chair in his private office gazing over the item of news in a Buenos Ayres newspaper stating that the body of Mr. Byron Huntly had been picked up in the La Plata river. What his reasons were for desiring that the Englishman should come to such an untimely end were best known to himself, but pleasure was plainly visible in his countenance as he read the news.

Mr. Emmerick was "not in" to anybody, as was often the case. But owing to one of those mistakes which will often occur in the face of such private arrangements, an office boy pointed to Mr. Emmerick's office and Mr. Blodger entered.

Mr. Emmerick's annoyance was undisguised. The news he had read in the foreign paper had only given him a momentary pleasure, and when he noticed that he was being intruded upon he was very angry. Mr. Blodger, however, was in blissful ignorance of the fact, and said in his bland manner: "Mr. Emmerick, I believe?"

"Yes, that is my name. What do you want?" replied Mr. Emmerick, curtly.

"My call will only be of brief duration, and I will tell the object of it in a few words," was the answer which Mr. Blodger gave, as he handed over his card.

"You can not be too brief to suit me," was the almost rude response. Mr. Blodger seated himself opposite to Mr. Emmerick and commenced at once.

"Some few months ago a woman who was selling newspapers over in Brooklyn thought she recognized you as her long-lost husband."

Mr. Emmerick was startled, but he readily answered: "Yes, but what has that to do with your visit?"

"Every thing," was the reply. "This woman has recently fallen heir to a large amount of valuable property in Amiens, France, and it has become necessary that she should go to that place at once in order to prevent her ravenous relations from robbing her of it."

Mr. Emmerick was very much interested now, but he had been in peculiar positions too often to betray his interest to his listener, so he asked with apparent unconcern:

"Why does she not go to France at once, then?"

"There is only one reason, and that is that she swears she will see you first," answered Mr. Blodger.

"And you, I presume, wish me to grant the woman an interview," asked Mr. Emmerick.

"Precisely," was the answer.

"Very well, then," replied Mr. Emmerick, whose manner was now very much changed. "Tell her to come to my rooms to-night, and I will see her alone, you understand," he answered.

"It shall be as you say. Second floor, Grantham Flats," said Mr. Blodger as he read the address which Mr. Emmerick had written on his card. "She will not have far to go, but—here he hesitated a moment, and then continued: "Would it not be better for her son to accompany her?"

"No. I will see her alone or not at all," was the reply.

As Mr. Blodger rode back up town he could not help thinking that there was something very unlike a merchant and a gentleman in Mr. Emmerick's manner. Upon reaching his home, however, he sent a note to Harlem at once informing Mrs. Bregy of the result of his call. Then he went over to Mrs. Delaro's and told her all about it. That night was the dirtiest and most disagreeable night which New York had seen for some time. It had rained incessantly for nearly twelve hours and the streets were running with water. When Mrs. Bregy awoke from the street-car she had several blocks to walk before she reached the Grantham Flats, and her mud-bedraggled skirts gave her such a forlorn appearance that the porter thought she must have made a mistake until she mentioned Mr. Emmerick's name, when he at once led her to the elevator and took her up to that gentleman's rooms.

As she entered Mr. Emmerick rose from his easy chair and approached her. He had had ample time to make his mind up how to act and was fully prepared.

"Be seated, madam," he said, in an ordinary polite manner.

She did not seat herself, but stood and looked at him with pleading eyes, as she said: "Alphonse, do you not know me? Emilio—your wife?"

He returned the gaze; then putting his hand to his forehead in a dramatic manner, he said:

"If so, how changed!" He spoke the words in an undertone, as if to make the woman believe he did not intend her to hear them. He bent his intention what it may, she heard the words, and as she took a step towards him she said: "Then you are Alphonse Bregy?"

"Yes, I am," he replied.

"Why then are you known as Mr. Emmerick? You are not ashamed of your own name, are you?" asked the woman.

"That is a question which I can not answer now," he replied.

"But you are my husband, aren't you?" still questioned the woman in a tone of piteous appeal, as if his acceptance of her husband's name was not sufficient.

"In the eyes of the law I believe I am still," was the reply.

"Then won't you take me back to your arms and be again to me what you were once? My love for you has never wavered in the least."

"I am afraid that can never be," said Mr. Emmerick. "I should have to renounce one name or the other, and the world would open its eyes in wonder and astonishment."

He knew that the woman was as deeply in love with him as ever, and that he could control her at his pleasure. So he did not hesitate to make admissions. "I will take your name if need be and ask no questions regarding your life since you left me. Only told me to your heart and bring back the memories of our early married life and I will do any thing you ask."

There was still a coldness about Mr. Emmerick, but he threw it off as best he could, and taking the woman in his arms he pressed her to him and fondly kissed her, saying: "You shall again be all that you ever were to me. But it must be on conditions that I will name."

She was in his power and he knew it. This flint-hearted man could afford to be sentimental and know how to be when it suited his purpose.

"I will accept any conditions as long as you will call me wife again," she said.

"Then sit down here beside me and I will name them." As Mr. Emmerick spoke these words he drew two chairs together and motioned Mrs. Bregy to take one of them. Seating himself beside her he said: "You must first promise me that you will never ask me any questions regarding the past twenty years of my life."

"That I will readily promise," answered the now happy woman.

"Next you must not tell any one that I am Alphonse Bregy, your husband. You must not even tell Eugene."

"But that can not be. How can I keep the knowledge from the world?" asked Mrs. Bregy.

"That is easy enough to manage," was the reply, "if you will only follow my instructions and act precisely as I suggest. When you leave here to-night you must maintain your composure. Do not tell any one you have found your husband. Tell them all that you made a hideous mistake and that I am not Alphonse Bregy at all, but merely Mr. Emmerick."

"Then how can we be united?" asked the woman impetuously.

"Readily enough. This acquaintance of to-night shall ripen into intimacy. In searching for your real husband the world shall be taught to believe that you have found a new one. I will prove that Alphonse Bregy, your husband of years ago, was killed in a fracas at Leadville or some other place and you shall be married to your new husband as soon as a sufficient length of time has elapsed to make it appear decorous," said Mr. Emmerick as he threw himself eagerly into the discussion.

"I will consent to any thing so long as I get you back to my side," answered the woman. "But how about Eugene?"

"He shall know of the facts in due time," said Mr. Emmerick.

"But"—here Mrs. Bregy hesitated ere she spoke, "I have to go to France to see about my property."

"Property—what property?" asked Mr. Emmerick.

"Don't you know that I am heiress to Uncle Du Bois' property at Amiens, worth nearly five hundred thousand francs?" asked Mrs. Bregy.

"No, how should I know that? In the face of this good fortune do you still come to me and consent to call me husband again?" asked Mr. Emmerick (or as we still must know him) in an astonished tone which to the woman had the ring of genuineness about it.

"If I owned half New York you would be as welcome to it as you would be to a

few words," was the answer which Mr. Blodger gave, as he handed over his card.

"You can not be too brief to suit me," was the almost rude response. Mr. Blodger seated himself opposite to Mr. Emmerick and commenced at once.

"Some few months ago a woman who was selling newspapers over in Brooklyn thought she recognized you as her long-lost husband."

Mr. Emmerick was startled, but he readily answered: "Yes, but what has that to do with your visit?"

"Every thing," was the reply. "This woman has recently fallen heir to a large amount of valuable property in Amiens, France, and it has become necessary that she should go to that place at once in order to prevent her ravenous relations from robbing her of it."

Mr. Emmerick was very much interested now, but he had been in peculiar positions too often to betray his interest to his listener, so he asked with apparent unconcern:

"Why does she not go to France at once, then?"

"There is only one reason, and that is that she swears she will see you first," answered Mr. Blodger.

"And you, I presume, wish me to grant the woman an interview," asked Mr. Emmerick.

"Precisely," was the answer.

"Very well, then," replied Mr. Emmerick, whose manner was now very much changed. "Tell her to come to my rooms to-night, and I will see her alone, you understand," he answered.

"It shall be as you say. Second floor, Grantham Flats," said Mr. Blodger as he read the address which Mr. Emmerick had written on his card. "She will not have far to go, but—here he hesitated a moment, and then continued: "Would it not be better for her son to accompany her?"

"No. I will see her alone or not at all," was the reply.

As Mr. Blodger rode back up town he could not help thinking that there was something very unlike a merchant and a gentleman in Mr. Emmerick's manner. Upon reaching his home, however, he sent a note to Harlem at once informing Mrs. Bregy of the result of his call. Then he went over to Mrs. Delaro's and told her all about it. That night was the dirtiest and most disagreeable night which New York had seen for some time. It had rained incessantly for nearly twelve hours and the streets were running with water. When Mrs. Bregy awoke from the street-car she had several blocks to walk before she reached the Grantham Flats, and her mud-bedraggled skirts gave her such a forlorn appearance that the porter thought she must have made a mistake until she mentioned Mr. Emmerick's name, when he at once led her to the elevator and took her up to that gentleman's rooms.

As she entered Mr. Emmerick rose from his easy chair and approached her. He had had ample time to make his mind up how to act and was fully prepared.

"Be seated, madam," he said, in an ordinary polite manner.

She did not seat herself, but stood and looked at him with pleading eyes, as she said: "Alphonse, do you not know me? Emilio—your wife?"

He returned the gaze; then putting his hand to his forehead in a dramatic manner, he said:

"If so, how changed!" He spoke the words in an undertone, as if to make the woman believe he did not intend her to hear them. He bent his intention what it may, she heard the words, and as she took a step towards him she said: "Then you are Alphonse Bregy?"

"Yes, I am," he replied.

"Why then are you known as Mr. Emmerick? You are not ashamed of your own name, are you?" asked the woman.

A BY-LAW

For raising the sum of \$45,000.00 for the purchase of a market site.

WHEREAS it is expedient to establish a Public Market in the City of Victoria,

And whereas it is estimated that the cost of acquiring land suitable for a site therefor in said city will be \$45,000, which sum it is proposed to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the City as hereinafter mentioned.

And whereas it will require the sum of \$2,198.92 to be raised annually by special rate for paying the debt intended to be hereby created and the interest thereon.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Corporation, according to the last revised assessment roll, is \$9,338,191, irrespective of any future increase of the rateable property of the municipality and of any income in the nature of tolls, interest, or dividends from the work, or from any stock, shares or interest in the work upon which the money so to be raised or any part thereof is intended to be invested, and also irrespective of any income from the temporary investment of the sinking fund or any part thereof.

And whereas for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said debt intended to be hereby created according to the Municipality Act, 1889, and amending Act, an annual special rate of 27-1000 of 1 per cent. in the dollar will be required.

And whereas it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City to raise by way of loan from any person or persons or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of \$45,000, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the City Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object herein before recited.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums of money as may be required either in currency or sterling money not less than \$500, or the sterling equivalent of that sum, each and all such debentures shall be sealed with the common seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable in 50 years from the date hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect at the office of the Treasurer of the said Corporation, City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of the interest.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum from the date hereof, which interest shall be paid half-yearly at the office of the said Treasurer.

5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of said debentures and the interest to become due thereon an equal special rate of 27-1000 of one per cent. in the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the City of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

6. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation from time to time to re-purchase any of the said debentures at such price as shall be mutually agreed upon, and all debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled, and no re-issue of debentures or any debenture shall be made in consequence of such re-purchase.

7. This by-law shall, before the final passing thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipality Act, 1889, and amending Act, and shall take effect on the 24th day of December, A.D. 1890.

8. This by-law may be cited as the "Public Market Site By-Law, 1890."

Passed the Municipal Council the 8th day of October, A.D. 1890.

Received the assent of the ratepayers the 2nd day of December, A.D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 3d day of December, A.D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

BY-LAW

To enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of \$10,000 for the purpose of establishing a Crematory.

WHEREAS it is expedient that a Crematory be established and maintained in the City of Victoria,

And whereas for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of said City the sum of \$10,000,

And whereas it will require the sum of \$710.11 to be raised annually for the payment of said debt and interest as hereinafter mentioned.

And whereas the amount of the whole of the rateable property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last assessment roll being for the year 1889, was \$925,191, irrespective of any future increase of the rateable property of the municipality and of any income in the nature of tolls, interest or dividends from the work, and also irrespective of any income from the temporary investment of the sinking fund or any part thereof.

And whereas for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the said principal sum of \$10,000 and interest as hereinafter mentioned, it will require an equal annual special rate of 8-1000th of one per cent. on the dollar.

And whereas it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED by the Mayor and Aldermen of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned a sum not exceeding in the whole the sum of \$10,000, and to cause the same to be paid to the treasurer of the said Corporation for the purposes and with the objects hereinbefore recited.

2. That it shall be lawful for the said Mayor to issue any number of debentures, to be made for such sums of money as may be required for not less than \$1,000 each, and that the said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, and signed by the Mayor.

3. That the said debentures shall be made payable in thirty years from the day hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the treasurer of the Corporation of the said City of Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of the interest.

4. That the said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of five per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable yearly at the office of the treasurer of the said Corporation.

5. That for the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest at the rate aforesaid to become due thereon, an equal special rate of 8-1000 of one per cent. on the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be raised, levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property in the said Corporation in the said Municipality during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

6. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase same on paying the amount thereof and interest thereon to the date of said purchase to the holder or holders thereof, and all debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled and destroyed, and no re-issue of debentures shall be made in consequence of such re-purchase.

7. This by-law shall before the final passage thereof receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipality Act, 1889, and Amending Act, and shall take effect on the 24th day of December, A.D. 1890.

This By-law may be cited as the "Crematory By-law."

Passed the Municipal Council this 24th day of September, A.D. 1890.

Received the assent of the ratepayers the 2nd day of December, A.D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 3d day of December, A.D. 1890.

(L.S.) JOHN GRANT, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

BY-LAW

To enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of \$55,000 for the erection of a Market Building.

WHEREAS it is expedient to establish a public market in the City of Victoria,

And whereas it is estimated that the cost of establishing such public market, and erecting and constructing buildings and premises suitable for such purpose, will be \$55,000, which sum it is proposed to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the city as hereinafter mentioned.

And whereas it will require the sum of \$2,687.62 to be raised annually by special rate for paying the debt intended to be hereby created, and the interest thereon.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Corporation, according to the last revised assessment roll, is \$9,338,191, irrespective of any future increase of the rateable property of the municipality, and of any income in the nature of tolls, interest or dividends from the work, or from any stock, shares or interest in the work upon which the money so to be raised, or any part thereof, is intended to be invested; and also irrespective of any income from the temporary investment of the sinking fund, or any part thereof.

And whereas for paying the interest and creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of said debt intended to be hereby created, an annual special rate of 27-1,000 of 1 per cent. in the dollar will be required.

And whereas it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of \$55,000, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums of money as may be required either in currency or sterling money not less than \$500, or the sterling equivalent of that sum, each and all such debentures shall be sealed with the common seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable in 50 years from the date hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect at the office of the Treasurer of the said Corporation, City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of the interest.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum from the date hereof, which interest shall be paid half-yearly at the office of the said Treasurer.

5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of said debentures and the interest to become due thereon, an equal special rate of 27-1000 of one per cent. in the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the City of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

6. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation from time to time to re-purchase any of the said debentures at such price as shall be mutually agreed, and all debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled, and no re-issue of debentures or any debenture shall be made in consequence of such re-purchase.

7. This by-law shall, before the final passing thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided by the Municipality Act, 1889, and Amending Act, and shall take effect on the 24th day of December, A.D. 1890.

This By-law may be cited as the "Crematory By-law."

Passed the Municipal Council this 24th day of September, A.D. 1890.

Received the assent of the ratepayers the 2nd day of December, A.D. 1890.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 3d day of December, A.D. 1890.

The Colonist.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1890.

METEOROLOGICAL SERVICE.

ESQUIMALT STATION, DEC. 18, 1890.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p. m.

THE THERMOMETER.

Time	Thermometer	Mean	The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:
1 a. m.	47°	47°	
5 a. m.	43°	47°	
9 a. m.	44°	Highest	5 a. m.—6 miles north.
1 p. m.	52°	53°	1 p. m.—Calm.
5 p. m.	51°	Lowest	9 p. m.—8 miles north.
9 p. m.	47°	42°	

Rain 0.05.
Average state of weather—Cloudy.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer OLYMPIAN from the Sound—Mrs. Hyde, J. Ross, D. Chase, W. S. Chambers, W. Edinger, H. A. McIntosh, J. P. Pender, Mrs. Buck, Gen. Sawdon and wife, Miss Thomas, W. Wells, A. Pratt and wife, A. J. Bates, W. Gardner, L. B. Horton, Mrs. J. W. Smith, Mrs. Smith, J. H. Harrison, Mrs. J. H. Harrison, A. Simpson, C. Lloyd, T. Purcell, E. Hutton, M. Jorjanka, A. A. Roberts, H. E. Clark and wife, Miss Leavelle, J. O. Nelson, Mrs. Lucas, S. Nichols, R. Knighon, Mrs. Russell, J. Peterson, F. Morenko, J. T. Purdy, T. J. Naton, A. James, G. A. Fowler.

Per steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—Mrs. Jones, Roy J. Walker, Mrs. Perkins, Mrs. Meyer, C. S. Wendson, H. Fink, R. Collier, A. Gilmore, J. C. Bull, Mrs. J. Lykes, C. Adams, W. Whitmore, T. A. Williams, E. Spillman, E. H. Fletcher, R. Clark, D. Oppenheimer, H. Jones, Mrs. Sykes, H. Goldberg, J. A. Meyer, W. H. Means, Capt. Urquhart, A. Ewen, Dr. E. Hall, A. G. McCandless, M. W. Williams.

Per steamer YOSEMITE from Westminster—Mr. and Mrs. Figg, Mrs. Robson, Miss Grant, H. Moore, J. Wilson, J. Handley, J. Weston, T. Bennett and others.

Per str. NORTH PACIFIC from the Sound—T. W. Lee, Mrs. S. Wilson, Mrs. King, John Shanlan, W. F. Morley, J. W. Fairbanks, W. Mackenzie, T. C. Colton and wife, P. B. Barro, D. Murphy, Miss Hanson, Sam Miller and wife, Mrs. Shaffer, W. V. O'Brien, Mr. O'Brien, Fletcher, W. H. Dorman, C. W. Lusk, R. Irving, J. E. Buckley.

CONSIGNEES.

Per str. CITY OF KINGSTON from the Sound—P. McQuade & Son, H. Saunders, Colbert & Warner, Nat. Elec. Tram Co., Jno. B. Hutt, B. Gordon.

Per str. NORTH PACIFIC from the Sound—H. Young, S. L. J. H. T. & Son, R. P. R. & Co., G. Bevilockway, G. C. Shaw, J. W. Fairbanks.

Per steamer YOSEMITE from Westminster—Dom Exp. Co., High Pump, Mrs. Melnes, Spratt & Co., St. Joseph's Hospital, G. Vienna, King Dyer & Co.

Per steamer ISLANDER from Vancouver—Dr. E. Hall, Davidson Bros. J. R. Kerr, Pencock & Hall, Gilmore & McCandless, J. Sell, Dom Exp. Co.

DEATH.

WILSON—In this city, on the 17th inst., James, the third wife of Mr. Charles Wilson, a native of Northampton, England, aged 31 years.

The funeral will take place on Friday at 2:30 p. m. from the family residence, corner of Michigan street and Beacon Hill Park, and at 3 o'clock from St. James' church. Friends are invited to attend.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

INWARDS.

Str. Islander, from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston, " Port Townsend.
" North Pacific, " " "
" Olympian, " " "
" Falcon, " Nanaimo.

OUTWARDS.

Str. Islander, for Vancouver.
" City of Kingston, " Port Townsend.
" North Pacific, " " "
" Falcon, " Straits.
" Falcon, " Nanaimo.

LOCAL.

Steamer Falcon brought down from Nanaimo, yesterday morning, a scow load of coal for the City of Kingston.
Steamer Ribbet came down, yesterday afternoon, from Nanaimo.
Steamer Badger was reported to have gone ashore at James Island, on Tuesday night.
Steamer Yaquina sails for Alaska, on the 19th inst.
Steamer Yosemite, due Monday night, arrived from Westminster, at 2 o'clock, yesterday afternoon.
Steamer Louise is completing the salmon cargo of the Brockley Bay.
Hark Maunock was towed out to Royal Roads, yesterday, and sails for England, this morning, weather permitting.
Hark Brockley Bay will complete her home-ward cargo, this evening, and sail, to-morrow.
Steamer Ribbet left Cadboro Bay, about 6 o'clock yesterday morning. She had been wind-bound.
Steamer Chieftain left, last night, for Alberni, with a cargo of supplies for the settlers around Barclay Sound.
The M. Lark is doing good work again.
Steamer Princess Louise brought down, yesterday morning, 6,000 cases of salmon for the Brockley Bay.
Steamer Yosemite came in, yesterday afternoon, with a small cargo on board. She left in about two hours in search of a scow.
A Port Townsend paper says fears are entertained for the safety of the steamer, Alice Blanchard, which left Portland for Port Townsend on the 9th inst.

PAID THE PENALTY.

Captain Hansen of the Venturesome Adele Hands Over \$920 in Cold Cash.

There was absolutely no change in the position of the Adele matter already referred to in THE COLONIST until late yesterday afternoon, when Capt. Hansen visited the Custom House and handed to Collector Milne the total amount of penalties incurred, with costs, \$920 in all. The schooner was then returned to him, and he proceeded to bring her alongside of the city wharves for the purpose of discharging his sealskins. They have not yet been sold, although several good offers have been made. It is understood that the crew will be paid off to-day and the Adele sail again at soon as possible. Although such an act is strictly forbidden, Captain Hansen while his schooner was under seizure, deliberately shifted her to another part of the harbor without consulting the collector. No action will be taken, however, for this minor misdemeanor. A full statement of the case has been wired to Washington by Consul Meyers, and it is possible that if the Adele remains in port for any length of time that the Canadian authorities may be prevailed upon to take action against both captain and her crew for bringing a contraband cargo into Canada. The development of all the features of the case will be awaited with interest.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.

Court Vancouver 5755, Court Northern Light 5935.
Annual Santa Claus Party and Social Dance to be held in the Assembly rooms, Tuesday, Dec. 30th, 1890. Children's entertainment will commence at 7 o'clock p. m. to be followed by a social dance by the members and their families. All members of the order can obtain tickets upon application to the following members: Bryn E. A. Salmon, H. L. Salmon, H. A. Levin, J. March, H. Waller, T. J. Linn, say, T. B. Norgate, R. Giddings, S. Wilson, J. MARCH.

del7
S. C. O. Committee.

Xmas cards, Xmas boxes and Xmas novelties of all kinds arriving every day at the Central Book Store, 45 Government street.

MORAL REFORM.

Continued from first page.

their own sex. Women ought not to be so severe on their fellows and drive them into the gutter, but give them a helping hand. The social evil is unquestionably spreading, and I do not want to see these women in the residential sections. I want to make them behave themselves and to keep them within the eye of the police, but not to banish them altogether. There are certain evils of that character which it is best to wink at, but at the same time to keep them within reasonable bounds. The proposition to banish them altogether would be far from wise. I recently asked a clergyman what he proposed to do with these women. He said we will try to make them virtuous and good, send them out as servants and help them along. I remarked to him that this was an excellent mist and an admirable principle, but I don't know how many women are prepared to assist in reforming. Let me ask how many females are there who would take them in? I think I can count on my fingers those who would. Gentlemen might be ready to extend a helping hand, but the ladies would not. There was an old friend, Rev. Mr. Starr, and his wife, who I know had courage sufficient to take such women and make servants of them. But you may say that there are Magdalen Homes and Houses of Refuge. But after they have been in such institutions who is ready to take them in? What is to become of them? Perhaps some of the gentlemen present might be willing, but what of the rest? In a matter like this I speak feelingly, and as chief magistrate, I say that I do not believe it is wise or politic to brand the city as immoral and unfit to live in. I hero formally enter my protest against certain statements that have been given utterance to. If we compare Victoria with other cities, we shall find it as well conducted, and its people as well behaved as those of any other part of the continent. Let us ask, how are matters in the east? Yesterday, a gentleman said to me, "I am a friend of temperance, but I found in the little town from which I come more drunkenness than here." The Mayor continued, I have travelled all over the continent but I am certain that nowhere did I see so little rowdiness as here. Let us take as an example of the condition of things, the last 24th of May celebration here, when from 6,000 to 7,000 strangers were gathered. How many people were there arrested; how many people were injured in rows? How many found their way into the police court? Not one. I have no doubt the police gave a shade more latitude but there was not one case in the police court. The Mayor favorably contrasted the quiet and orderly election times here with the condition of things at the East and went on to say: Let us take up and punish criminals and let us try to improve the people; but don't let us give the city a black eye, or let it up as bad or immoral. I know of gentlemen who have come here have refused to do so because of the statements that have come from the pulpits. So long as intolerance characterizes those who try to do good, so long as there is an utter lack of charity among those who occupy the pulpits, so long will they have no influence. And here I say and assert that Messrs. Macleod, Fraser and Watson have made statements that have been detrimental to the best interests of the city.

Rev. Mr. Macleod—Shall we be allowed to reply? (A storm of hisses.)

Mayor Grant (continued)—I hit without gloves, and will show by a letter of Mr. Watson's how small an amount of charity is possessed by one who ought to be imbued with it. I have deprecated, and do deprecate most emphatically such statements as the following contained in a letter of Rev. Mr. Watson, published on Tuesday. "It must seem passing strange to you, as it does to many others, that people who appear to be quite unmoved amid the baneful evils confessedly existing, should be so abnormally sensitive when exposures are attempted. It makes one suspicious that solicitude for the fair fame of Victoria is only the ostensible reason. Let us ponder this anomaly, and not be drawn off the scent by a red-herring strategy." I here and now ask any reasonable and unbiased man to tell me if the author of such a letter is possessed of charity? Emphatically he does not, but casts the worst insinuations on those who differ from him. In fact, the letter stamps him as lacking charity. That letter was written in consequence of what was said at this council board, and you'll find me always ready as then to raise my voice against statements injurious to the fair fame of the city. If you are not pleased with me and my course you can relegate me to private life. I can prove by Mr. Dalby that gentlemen were prevented coming here on account of what had been said in the pulpits. The Mayor remarked upon the fact that the Catholics, Jews and Episcopalians had none of the trouble to complain of which had been spoken of in the Presbyterian and Methodist pulpits. They had made statements which were utterly uncalculated for, but when the demands were made moderately they should have his hearty support. He might say that no one ever came to him and asked his help in vain, for the cause of religion or charity. He believed that good works went further than professions. Mayor Grant concluded with a reference to the funeral of the late Mr. Fell, which was one of the largest ever held in Victoria. He was not noted for his professions, but he was a man as large in good works as he was in his person.

Mr. Grant here asked if Mr. Dalby were present, inviting him to corroborate his (the Mayor's) statement, if he were prepared to do so. Mr. Dalby was not, however, in the room.

Rev. C. Watson—I wish to say to your face, Mr. Mayor, that you assailed me, a week ago. I did not ask my "people not to vote for men who did not support certain things," I simply throw back your assertion of my being uncharitable. You had no right to say that I was aiming at yourself and the city council. As I stand, a man before a man, I say "you are not afraid of me and I am not afraid of you."

Rev. Mr. Macleod—We deliberately and of set purpose determined to take notice of what was said in council the other night. The Mayor has assailed the ministers of religion and to-night has made statements of which it would be beneath us to take notice. Ministers do not contrive to keep their black coats on by making unfounded charges, and I am ready to face the Mayor as to anything I may have said. I believe I have done as much for Victoria as the Mayor has done and I defy him to find one sentence in my sermon, defaming the city. I have spoken out and I mean to speak out, because I have constantly before me crowds of the noble young men of Victoria.

(Hisses.)

The Mayor—Hissing is not nice; I don't like it. Give the gentleman all the applause you like.

Rev. Mr. Macleod—I deliberately say, with all earnestness, that I never defamed

the city, but attempted most certainly to put down existing evils. I should be glad to write to the gentleman of whom the Mayor has spoken and to give him my opinions. I have done all in my power to bring people here. As an honest man, I shall continue to try to speak out and in my own sphere shall do my best. I am not afraid.

The Mayor again called for Mr. Dalby, but there was no response.

Rev. Mr. Fraser—You made a personal attack on me, Mr. Mayor.

The Mayor—I only referred to what you said in the pulpit.

Rev. Mr. Fraser—I am the oldest minister here and I flatly deny that I ever uttered a single word calculated to keep people away. I have exposed existing evils and intend to do so. I challenge any one to say that I ever said a single word to the detriment of the city.

Rev. Mr. Watson on behalf of the deputation thanked the council for the courtesies they had been permitted to enjoy.

The Mayor—I am sure the council is always ready to meet you on a question in the public interest. The members generally are always glad to see and consult in which way they best understand the public requirements.

On motion of Ald. McKillop, seconded by Ald. Harrison, it was resolved that the suggestions of the Temperance and Moral Reform Association be received by the council, and be strongly recommended to the incoming council.

Rev. Mr. Macleod was several times interrupted with hisses.

The meeting adjourned.

FIVE BRIDGES FALL.

Immense Destruction Done by the Floods in Cowichan—One River Still Rising.

Damages Roughly Estimated at a Quarter of a Million Dollars—Meagre Information.

Although information in regard to the disastrous floods on Cowichan Flats was very hard to obtain yesterday, still the meagre details available show the damage done to be very much greater than any one anticipated. Although the waters of the Chemainus and Koksilah were falling yesterday morning, the Cowichan continued to rise, and, when day broke, it was seen that the angry waters had not been idle during the night. All the government bridges on the three rivers—four in all—are reported gone, and at 6 o'clock, the railway bridge, a very substantial structure, erected in 1884 at a cost of more than \$100,000, went to pieces, in consequence of the terrific battering it had received from wild logs during the night. It was a two-span Howe truss, the arches being 150 and 100 feet in length, respectively. Ten minutes after the bridge went down, the work crew on the scene were ready to ferry passengers and freight over the seething waters dividing the two lines of track. These transfers were made without the slightest mishap, and there was, consequently, no break in the railway communication—only a little unavoidable delay. The track, both above and below the river, is firm, and traffic is in no way endangered by the flood. During the morning the telegraph wires were down, but, early in the afternoon, communication was restored. No human lives have been lost, and, so far as known, no horses or cattle. Of the big boom of logs, containing 7,000,000 feet, belonging to the Cowichan mills, fully two-thirds will never be recovered, while many outbuildings and fences have either floated away or been wrecked. It is believed that the devastation of the flood will amount to more than a quarter of a million dollars, while, as it is still raining steadily, this amount is likely to be largely increased. The work of replacing the railway bridge by a temporary one, during the erection of a new structure, will be commenced to-day, and no time will be lost in replacing the bridge permanently. The water-spout theory is gaining ground among those anxious to account for the origin of the flood, as such a deluge has never before been experienced on Vancouver Island.

The Pope Preparing to Flight Italy.

ROME, Dec. 16.—The Pope has appointed a commission, consisting of Cardinals Rampolla, Oreglia and Appollini and three laymen, to organize and direct the movements of the Catholic societies in Italy. This action is regarded as an indication of his extra intention to take a more active part in politics. The rumored critical illness of the Pope has been exaggerated. His Holiness is only suffering from a slight cold.

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A large selection of articles suitable for the season.

SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, work and hand hags, blotting books, albums and card cases.

SPLendid SILK CURTAINS, beautifully embroidered with silk and gold thread, table covers, bed spreads, banner squares, wall panels, etc.

OPERA CLOAKS, crepe shawls, dressing gowns, blacking jackets, smoking caps.

CARVED BLACKWOOD CABINETS, book shelves, whatnots, tables and chairs, all artistically decorated with ivory and mother of pearl, tables of bamboo and other material.

TEA SETS of all sizes and qualities, from \$2 to \$50, also cups and saucers and plates of great variety, to be sold singly or in any quantity to suit purchasers.

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ALL THE LEADING varieties of Japanese porcelainware, including the specimens of Satsuma, Cloisonne, Kaga, Bishu, Kioto, Uncho, Gwark, Kocho, Inari, Segi, Shippo, Awata, Tokonabe, Awabi, etc.

THE CHOICEST and most varied collection of Japanese articles to be found in British Columbia.

TEN varieties of large flowering Japanese lilies, also camellias, chrysanthemums, maples, and many choice hardy Japanese plants, sweet chestnut and persimmon trees.

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OF C. & J. ALLEN'S STOCK

NEW TURNER BLOCK.

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry

OPP. DRIARD HOUSE.

TO-DAY, AT 3 P.M., FOR LADIES.

TO-NIGHT AT 8 O'CLOCK.

J. S. COOLICAN,
Auctioneer.

XMAS, 1890.

THE WESTSIDE

XMAS

AND

NEW YEAR

PRESENTS.

GIFTS.

EVERYBODY, as a rule, at this Festive Season is anxious to keep up the old ties and friendships by sending tokens of esteem in the shape of Christmas Boxes, etc.

The following are all useful and will be much appreciated, and are of special value. Alexandre Napoleon and Maltese X Kid Gloves, with every 1/2 dozen pair we give a Lacquered Japanese Glove box free. Handkerchiefs, in almost endless variety, latest designs are in French Gauze and Indian Silk. With every \$2.00 worth we give a handsome Handkerchief Box free. Umbrellas, useful presents for ladies or gentle men, Paragon frame, silver mounted or natural handles. Fur Lined Cloaks, extra rich, newest styles, in all shades. Specialties in beautiful Shetland Wool and Silk Wraps, Shawls, Scarfs, Fur Sets, Boas, Muffs, Victorias, etc. Real Laces, in Bavaria, Point, Honiton, Duchess, etc. Hand run Lace Scarfs, from \$2.50 to \$20.00. Lovely goods and just the thing for a rich Xmas Gift.

At Toys, Notions, Plush Goods, etc., we leave to legitimate dealers, but we can with confidence invite you to inspect our stock of well-selected and attractive Dry Goods, which is replete in every department.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

Victoria, December, 1890.

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Has Day School and Church on Property.

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Has an abundant supply of pure water.

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VICTORIA NORTH

Has an early prospect of the Electric Railway.

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Has no trees to fell or stumps to grub.

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Has an arrior soil for orchard and market gardening.

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Andirons, Fenders, Fire Sets, Spark Guards, Nursery Fenders, Bird Cages, &c., &c.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE!

MESSRS. DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON beg to announce that they have transferred the Agency of the EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY OF THE U. S. to MR. J. H. BROWNLEE, formerly District Manager for Western Manitoba, and they request that intending assurers will give the new representative a call. You will find Mr. Brownlee thoroughly posted, and the Equitable, as ever, the strongest financial institution of its kind in the world.

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Ratio of Assets to Liabilities, 127
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If you can, and you want to purchase a Christmas or New Year's Present, or Jewelry or Watches of any kind, call at

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